



Who Must File?

All businesses in the state of Ohio or any business holding funds due to Ohio residents are required to file an annual report of unclaimed funds. CPA's and attorneys that are in private practice are required to file an annual report of unclaimed funds. CPA's and attorneys not in private practice do not have to file separately from the firms for which they work. IRC 501(C)(3) hospitals and political subdivisions are exempt from filing.

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ANNUAL FILING GUIDE

Life Insurance Companies

Accounts Dormant as of Dec. 31

Reporting Deadline: Following May 1

Companies Other Than Life Ins. Companies

Dormant as of June 30

Reporting Deadline: Nov. 1

WHAT'S NEW For 2025

We have a new state-of-the-art system and website with added functionality that will enable you to upload a NAUPA unencrypted .TXT or .HRS file, or create a report manually, and remit payment directly through our website. No need to log on to the Ohio Business Gateway, unless you prefer to. However, we hope that you find our updated site simpler and easier to use. Since we have our new system, we are now paperless! We are no longer accepting paper forms, PDFs, .CSV files, or non-NAUPA format files. For instructions, information, videos, and other helpful resources, visit our updated website at **Unclaimedfunds.ohio.gov**.

"Attorney Unclaimed Funds"

Senate Bill 276 was passed to define a category of unclaimed funds as "Attorney Unclaimed Funds," effective April 12, 2021. Attorney unclaimed funds that are dormant, with no owner-generated activity for a period of three years, are properly reportable to the Department of Commerce, Division of Unclaimed Funds. The property identification code for Attorney unclaimed funds is TR88.

What are "Attorney Unclaimed Funds?"

Attorney unclaimed funds are defined as:

- Interest on lawyer trust accounts ("IOLTA") funds held pursuant to R.C. 4705.09;
- Interest on trust accounts ("IOTA") funds held pursuant to 3953.231; and
- · Residual settlement funds.

When do funds become dormant and eligible for reporting to the Division of Unclaimed Funds?

Attorney unclaimed funds held by an attorney become dormant if the owner has not accepted payment of the funds, corresponded in writing about the funds, or otherwise indicated interest in the funds for three (3) years after the funds became payable or distributable to the owner.

Can IOLTA and IOTA funds become reportable as unclaimed funds subject to remittance to the Ohio Department of Commerce Division of Unclaimed Funds?

Yes. Attorneys who are in private practice are required to annually review their business records to identify any dormant funds in which they do not have an ownership interest. If dormant funds are identified, they must make one final attempt to contact the owner of the funds at the last known address of record before submitting an Annual Report of Unclaimed Funds to the Ohio Dept. of Commerce Division of Unclaimed Funds. R.C. 169.03(A)(1). If the attorney or law firm determines it holds no reportable unclaimed funds following an examination of its records, it is still obligated to submit a "None Report" pursuant to Ohio Adm. Code 1301: 10-3-03(B).

Unclaimed funds are all intangible property which is unclaimed by its owner(s) for a specific period of time, such as client funds held in an IOLTA account, funds deposited into an IOTA account for a residential real estate closing, or settlement funds held by a court, settlement administrator or attorney.



FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS

What are Unclaimed Funds?	Intangible property or accounts within financial institutions or companies—in which there has been no activity generated (or contact with the owner) regarding the property for one year or a longer period. After a designated dormancy period with no activity or contact, the property becomes "unclaimed" and—by law—must be turned over to the state. For a detailed list of unclaimed funds see the Nature of Funds Codes on page 16.
Who must file?	All businesses that operate in the state of Ohio or hold funds due to Ohio residents except $501(c)(3)$ hospitals and political subdivisions.
Whom do I make check or certificate out to?	Ohio Division of Unclaimed Funds.
Is a negative (NONE) report required?	Yes. A Negative (NONE) report is still required to be filed.
Is there a minimum amount to be remitted?	No minimum for non-wages; under \$50 for wages after.
How are mutual funds submitted?	Mutual Funds should be liquidated from the owners account and the proceeds remitted along with the complete owner detail. They may not be transferred into an unauthorized account in the State of Ohio's name.
What are Ohio's reporting deadlines?	For all non-life insurance companies, the reporting deadline is November 1 for properties dormant as of June 30. For life insurance companies the reporting deadline is May 1 for properties dormant as of December 31. No calendar election allowed.
What happens if a company does not report?	The company may incur two (2) civil penalties of $$100/day$ and criminal penalties of up to $$500/day$ for failure to report or underreporting unclaimed funds and an interest rate of 1% per month on the balance of unclaimed funds due.
Can a company file an extension?	A company can file an extension of time to file online at https://apps2.com.ohio.gov/unfd/extension/ for 30, 60, 90, or 120 days. Only one extension is allowed per reporting year.
Can unclaimed funds be reported early?	Yes, after the company complies with the due diligence mailing requirement and reporting requirements of the ORC \$169.03.
What attempts are made to find the rightful owners?	The first attempt is by the company through a "due-diligence" mailing with similar information as our OUF-8. After submission, publication in a county newspaper listing owner names, owner names with \$50 or more are listed in www.missingmoney.com and division attempts to

search for the owner.

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HOW TO FILE AN UNCLAIMED FUNDS REPORT

IDENTIFY DORMANT ACCOUNTS

- Review records to identify dormant accounts that the company may be holding.
- Refer to the Nature of Funds Codes for a schedule of dormant account descriptions, dormancy periods.
- Research the dormant accounts to eliminate accounting errors.

MAIL THE OUF-8 NOTICE OF UNCLAIMED FUNDS

- A self-address stamped envelope back to the company must be included.
- Allow a minimum of thirty (30) days for the owner or beneficiary to respond to the notice prior to reporting their funds as unclaimed.
- Companies are required to send an OUF-8 Notice of Unclaimed Funds, or a similar notice that meets statutory requirements, to the last known address of the owner or beneficiary of dormant accounts with a balance of \$50.00, and less than \$1,000, via first class mail.
- Companies are required to provide the mandatory notice of unclaimed funds to the owner or beneficiary of accounts with a value of \$1,000 or more by certified mail, return receipt requested.
- The company is authorized to charge up to \$20 against each account subject to the certified mailing to reimburse themselves for the certified mail cost. Include a self-addressed, stamped, return envelope.

REPORTING UNCLAIMED ACCOUNTS

- Report all accounts of \$50 or more, for which no response to the OUF-8 Notice of Unclaimed Funds was received, the Notice was returned due to bad address or if the owner's address is UNKNOWN.
- No mailing is required for accounts less than \$50, however, applicable accounts would be reportable as an AGGREGATE total.
- There is no minimum amount reportable.

FILING A NEGATIVE (NONE) REPORT

- If a diligent search has shown that the company is not holding any unclaimed funds, or if all owners respond to the OUF-8 Notice of Unclaimed Funds mailing, you may file a Negative (NONE) Report on our website at: https://unclaimedfunds.ohio.gov/app/holder-info/negative
- If unable to file online, please contact our office at 614-728-9605 or email your contact name, business name, and contact information (phone number, mailing address and applicable email address) and circumstance for requesting a paper form to UNFDCompliance@com.ohio.gov.

REPORTING (continued) FILING A "SOME" or BALANCE DUE REPORT

Companies may create a manual report directly on our website at https://unclaimedfunds.ohio.gov/mor/login, or submit a NAUPA report on our website at https://unclaimedfunds.ohio.gov/app/holder-info.

OHIO BUSINESS GATEWAY UNCLAIMED FUNDS REPORT FILING

Companies may still report unclaimed funds online through the Ohio Business Gateway (OBG) by uploading a NAUPA electronic reporting file and paying the balance due to the State via ACH Debit Transfer or credit card. To report your company's unclaimed funds on-line or file a Negative (NONE) report login to the Ohio Business Gateway (OBG) at www.business.ohio.gov. Online help & support, tutorials and telephone support are available from the OBG website.

PAPER FORMS

Paper reports are no longer accepted by the Division of Unclaimed Funds. Please file your report electronically at UnclaimedFunds.Ohio.Gov.

SUBMITTING PAYMENT

- If filing electronically through our website, you may remit funds via ACH Debit or credit card at https://unclaimedfunds.ohio.gov/app/holder/payment/search. Please note, we do not accept wire payments.
- If paying by check, upload your NAUPA Format file through our upload site and mail a check to the address below.
- Delivery of safe deposit box contents should be arranged by calling our office at 614-466-4433.

PLEASE NOTE: The report cannot be processed without receiving both the report and payment.



Ohio Division of Unclaimed Funds 77 S. High St., 20th Floor Columbus, OH 43215-6108

UNCLAIMED FUNDS EXEMPT ACCOUNTS

O.R.C. 169.02(N) Wages Less Than or Equal to \$50

- Wages less than or equal to \$50 issued on or after July 1, 2000 are exempt.
- Any wages less than or equal to \$50 issued prior to July 1, 2000 still in the possession of the filing company are reportable as unclaimed funds.

O.R.C. 169.01(B)(2)(d) Merchandise Gift Certificates

 A credit due a retail customer that is represented by a gift certificate, gift card, merchandise credit, or merchandise credit card redeemable for merchandise is exempt.

O.R.C. 169.01(B)(2)(b) & (c) Business to Business Transactions

- Any payment or credit due to a business association from a business association representing sums payable to suppliers, or for services rendered and sums received by a business association from a business association for the sale of tangible goods or services performed, became exempt from unclaimed funds reporting requirements.
- This Business to Business Exemption effectively eliminates wholesale trade from the jurisdiction of the Law.
- The Business to Business Exemption includes, but is not limited to, any check, credit, memorandum, overpayment, unidentified remittance, nonrefundable over- charges, discount, refund, and rebate that is due to a business association from a business association.
- However, equity, dividends, and interest payments from a business association to a business association could still become unclaimed as they do not result from wholesale trade.
- In addition, payments due from or received by a business association from a customer that is a private individual are still reportable unclaimed funds.
- This exemption also does not apply to funds payable due to a policy of insurance or any deposit to secure membership in a trade organization.

O.R.C. 169.02(O) Unredeemed Gift Certificate Exclusion

• Unredeemed gift certificates were excluded from the definition of unclaimed funds.

WEBSITE RESOURCES

WEBSITE ADDRESS UnclaimedFunds.Ohio.Gov

You may access the Ohio Division of Unclaimed Funds website at **UnclaimedFunds.Ohio.Gov**. It is a valuable source of information about reporting requirements and claiming unclaimed funds. The following is a list of resources available from the Division's website.

THE OHIO BUSINESS GATEWAY

- Companies may now report unclaimed funds on-line through the Ohio Business Gateway (OBG) by uploading a NAUPA electronic reporting file and paying the balance due to the State via ACH Debit (only) Transfer or credit card
- To report your company's unclaimed funds on-line or file a Negative (NONE) report login to the Gateway at www.business.ohio.gov or through the link on the Division's website. On-line help & support, tutorials and telephone support are available from the OBG website.

CHAPTER 169, O.R.C., THE OHIO UNCLAIMED FUNDS LAW

A current version of Chapter 169 O.R.C., the Ohio Unclaimed Funds Law can be accessed at http://codes.ohio.gov/orc/169

MISSING MONEY

The website www.missingmoney.com allows individuals and businesses to research their names for unclaimed funds held by the State of Ohio, and other states. If you identify unclaimed funds that may belong to you or a relative you may print out a claim form from the website, or have one mailed to you.

UNCLAIMED FUNDS REPORTING GUIDE & FORMS

Located on the Ohio Division of Unclaimed Funds Website (**UnclaimedFunds.Ohio.Gov**) click "Forms and Resources" under the Report Funds tab and select "Reporting Guide" or "Reporting Forms." You may download the files as PDFs to save to your hard drive for future reference. There are also links to the **individual forms** on the website.

You can send an email request to uNFDCompliance@com.ohio.gov and have an electronic version of the State Ohio Unclaimed Funds Reporting Guide or State of Ohio Unclaimed Funds Forms emailed to you or call the forms request line at (614)728-9605 to have a copy mailed to you.

ELECTRONIC REPORTING APPLICATION AND INFORMATION

Methods to create NAUPA Standard files



UPExchange (ETM Statutory Reporting)

- UPExchange is a web application created by ETM for creating and submitting unclaimed funds reports in the NAUPA II Electronic Reporting Standard.
- You may access UPExchange at www.byetm.com from anywhere, with any standard Web browser.
- There is no software to install or maintain and your data is stored on UPExchange servers.



HRS Pro software

- The HRS Pro-Holder Reporting System is a user-friendly Windows based application that will run on a personal computer.
- The Holder Reporting System (HRS) Pro (HRS) Pro can be accessed through https://hrspro.unclaimedproperty.com



ANNUAL UNCLAIMED FUNDS REVIEW GUIDELINES

I. IDENTIFYING DORMANT ACCOUNTS

Public and private businesses, financial institutions and all other entities (except for I.R.C. 501(C)(3) tax exempt hospitals and political subdivisions) that maintain account balances, write checks or hold funds in escrow for another person or persons, must file an Annual Report of Unclaimed Funds even if they have no unclaimed funds to report. The annual report is due by November 1, for accounts dormant as of the preceding June 30, for all non-life insurance companies. Annual reports from life insurance companies are due by May 1, for accounts dormant as of the preceding December 31.

Listed in Table 1 and Table 2 you will find examples of the types of accounts that can become unclaimed funds in a typical public or private corporation and a financial institution.

Table 1
Public/Private Corporation Nature of Funds Codes

Nature of Funds Codes	Description of Funds	Dormancy Period in Years
CK10	Expense (Reimbursement)	3
CK12	Checks Credit Refund Checks	3
CK17	Refund and Rebate Checks	3
MS01	Wages - Payroll & Salary	1
MS02	MS02 Commissions Worker's	
MS03	Compensation Benefits	1
MS09	MS09 Accounts Receivable Credit Balances or Memos	
SC01	Dividends	5
SC02	Interest Payments Due for Bonds	5
SC03	Debentures Principal Payments Due for Bonds	5
SC08	Debentures Undeliverable Shares of Stock	5
SC012	Underlying Shares of Stock	5
SC019	Dividend Reinvestment Plans	5
TR03	401K Plan Distributions	3

Table 2 Financial Institution Nature of Funds Codes

Nature of Funds Codes	Description of Funds	Dormancy Period in Years
AC01	Checking Accounts	5
AC02	Savings Accounts	5
AC03	Certificates of Deposit	5
AC04	Christmas/Vacation Funds	5
AC07	AC07 Unidentified Deposits & Remittances	
AC09	IRA & Keogh Accounts	3
CK01	Cashier's Checks	5
CK02	Certified Checks	5
CK03	CK03 Registered Checks	
CK04	CK04 Treasurer's Checks	
CK05 Bank Drafts		5
CK07	CK07 Money Orders	
CK16	CD Interest Checks	5
MS05	Customer Overpayments	3

Report Year Conversion Table

Most Property – 3 Year Dormancy Period
For non-Life Insurance Companies

Items Issued or Last Activity Date	Report By Date
7/1/2019 through 6/30/2020	Nov. 1, 2023
7/1/2020 through 6/30/2021	Nov. 1, 2024
7/1/2021 through 6/30/2022	Nov. 1, 2025

Agent Issued Stale Dated Payroll Checks

If your company uses a payroll processing agent to issue checks that clear on the agent's account, the agent will periodically notify the company of stale dated payroll checks that have not cleared their account. They will then redeposit these funds to the company's checking account and the checks will no longer be negotiable. The company then has the responsibility for controlling and reporting the re-deposited payroll checks as unclaimed.

If the payroll processing agent does not redeposit stale dated payroll checks back to the company's account, you need to contact the agent to determine if they review outstanding payroll checks for unclaimed funds reporting. If the agent reviews outstanding payroll checks for unclaimed funds reporting purposes, then no additional work is required. If they do not, then you should obtain an outstanding checklist from the agent, or the issuing bank, and request that funds for dormant accounts be returned so that they can be reviewed to identify reportable unclaimed accounts.

Wages, salary and commissions become dormant (1) year from the date payable. The unclaimed funds law requires that the full name and last known address of the owner be reported for each item \$50 or more. Please obtain this information from your payroll processor. Wages, salary, and commission payments less than or equal to \$50 payable onor after July 1, 2000, are exempt from unclaimed funds reporting.

Third Party Administrators for Worker's Compensation Payments or Health Benefits

If your company is self-insured for worker's compensation or health benefits, the un-cashed disbursement checks should be reviewed annually for unclaimed funds reporting. Any monies from un-cashed disbursements held by or returned to you by a third-party administrator (TPA) would be reportable as unclaimed funds. Contact your TPA to determine if they report unclaimed funds for your company. If they do not, then you should obtain an outstanding checklist and request that funds for dormant accounts be returned so that they can be reviewed to identify reportable unclaimed accounts. Worker's compensation payments become dormant one (1) year from the date payable and health benefit disbursements become dormant three (3) years from the date payable.

401K Accounts (Qualified Plans) of Former Employees with Bad Addresses

Problems with bad address accounts can occur if mandatory distribution of 401K monies, or other qualified plan monies, is not required when an employee leaves the company. These bad address accounts, with a balance of less than or equal to \$1,000, may be reported as unclaimed thirty (30) days after completing the mailing of an OUF-8 Notice of Unclaimed Funds. The Employees Retirement Income Security Act (ERISA) requires accounts of more than \$1,000 be maintained for the owner with a designated trustee.

Underlying Shares of Stock

An underlying share of stock may or may not be in the possession of the owner. The underlying shares are considered dormant and subject to unclaimed funds reporting if dividends and any other sums payable have remained unclaimed (un-cashed or RPO - Returned by the Post Office) by the owner for five (5) years. Any dividends or other distributions payable to the owner would also be reportable as unclaimed funds with the shares. The reportable underlying shares should be cancelled, and a balance certificate issued to the Ohio Department of Commerce, Division of Unclaimed Funds.

EXTENSION

THE EXTENSION MUST BE FILED BY THE SAME DATE AS THE REPORT YEAR DEADLINE

File Your Request for Extension On-Line

You may file a request for extension on-line through a link on the Ohio Division of Unclaimed Funds website: **UnclaimedFunds.Ohio.Gov.** Click "File An Extension" under the Report Funds tab. Companies can select from a 30, 60, 90, or 120-day extension to file the report form the reporting deadline. The extension must be filed by the report deadline. Only one extension can be requested for the reporting year. Complete the electronic form, select how many days extension you require and click Submit. You will receive an email confirmation of the extension granted.

EARLY REPORTING

The dormancy periods listed for unclaimed accounts are the maximum periods that dormant accounts may be held prior to unclaimed funds verification and reporting. Dormant accounts

may be reported prior to the expiration of their dormancy periods (Per section 169.11 O.R.C.) if the company complies with the due-diligence mailing and reporting requirements described in III and IV.

RECORD RETENTION

Unclaimed funds reports filed, and their supporting documentation must be retained for five (5) years or until an examination is conducted, whichever comes first.

The following backup documentation must be maintained to identify the disposition of dormant accounts identified on June 30 for non-life insurance companies, or December 1 for Life Insurance Companies. This documentation should include, but is not limited to:

- 1. A copy of the final unclaimed funds report filed with the State.
- 2. Dormant account list(s) for June 30 or Dec. 1 (whichever applicable)
- 3. Signed due-diligence (OUF-8) mailings
- 4. Documentation of certified mailing to accounts with balances of \$1,000 or more.
- 5. Documentation used to exclude accounts with a balance of \$1,000 or more from the certified mail requirement.
- 6. Due-diligence mailings returned for bad address.
- 7. Other research documentation used to exclude accounts from unclaimed funds reporting.
- 8. Listing of detail for accounts combined as aggregate reporting

SAFE DEPOSIT BOX CONTENTS INSTRUCTIONS

Effective for the 2025 reporting year, please follow our new procedures.

REPORTS AND CHECKS

- ✓ All reports and checks are due by November 1st, 2025.
- ✓ A completed Owners of Safe Deposit Box Contents Form (OUF-5a) and Safe Deposit Box Inventory (OUF-5b) should be included with every report.
- ✓ All coins and dollar bills that are still in use should be converted to a check (see the Safe Deposit Box Inventory OUF-5b for a complete listing of coins) and included in the report.
- ✓ Any money received from auctioned safe deposit box contents items should be converted to a check and included in the report. Also, holders may retain fees from auctioned items.

SAFE DEPOSIT BOX CONTENTS

- ✓ All safe deposit box content items should be scheduled to be delivered after January 1st, 2026. Bag(s) or envelope(s) should be placed inside of boxes and shipped to the Division.
- ✓ All bag(s) or envelope(s) should include only one owner's contents and have the owner's name listed on the front.
- ✓ Items from each owner of the unclaimed property should be sent in their dedicated bag or envelope. If there are multiple owners of an unclaimed property, items should <u>not</u> be sent together in the same bag or envelope.
- ✓ Please call 614-644-1775 or 614-466-1442 to schedule your delivery of safe deposit box items. Deliveries may be made by mail, courier, or in-person drop-offs.

QUESTIONS?

Please call 614-644-1775 or 614-466-1442 or email UNFDHolders@com.ohio.gov



DELIVERY OF SECURITIES

Advance notice of the delivery of securities is required. Notify custodian and the Division of Unclaimed Funds at least two (2) business days prior to transfer at: Michael.Savage@53.com, Jill.boccio@53.com and Belinda.Dunn@com.state.oh.us. Advance notice listing must include issue name, CUSIP, number of shares, DTC participant number and date of delivery. Confirmation of transfer mustalso be sent. Transfers not preapproved will be reversed.

Please note that nonpublic or securities without any value should not be transferred to the state since there is no amount that can be returned to the rightful owners.

DTC/DRS/DWAC Instructions

Prior to November 1st 2024:

DTC #0226
For Further Credit to:
Ohio Department of Commerce Division of Unclaimed Funds
A/C # 069-065153

After November 1st 2024:

DTC #0443
For Further Credit to:
Ohio Department of Commerce Division of
Unclaimed Funds
A/C # F3C701453

Physical Certificates

Ohio Department of Commerce Division of Unclaimed Funds 77 S. High St. 20th Floor Columbus, OH 43215

FEIN: 31-1409347

(Note: Physical certificates are only accepted when they cannot be sent via DTC, DRS or

DWAC)



Custodian Contact
Fifth Third Securities
21 East State St, 14th Floor
Michael Savage, 614-744-7074
Michael.Savage@53.com
Jill Boccio
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State Contact
Belinda Dunn
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614-466-4433
UNFDHolders@com.oh.us

Worthless or Non-Transferable

Do not report to the division or custodian.

Mutual Funds

Mutual funds should be liquidated, and a statement of liquidation along with a check remitted with the report.



NATURE OF FUNDS CODES

See page 7 for a current list of accounts exempt from unclaimed funds reporting in Ohio.

Code	Description of Funds	Period	Code	Description of Funds	Period	
	ACCOUNT BALANCES			UNCASHED CHECKS		
AC01	Checking Accounts or Share Draft Accounts	5	CK01	Cashier's Checks	5	
AC02	Savings Accounts or Share Accounts	5	CK02	Certified Checks	5	
AC03	Matured CD's, Savings Certificates or	5	CK03	Registered Checks	5	
AC04	Share Certificate Accounts Christmas or Vacation Club Accounts	5	CK04	Treasurer's Checks	5	
AC05		1	CK05	Bank Drafts	5	
AC05	Money on Deposit to Secure Funds	1	CK06	Warrants	5	
AC07	Security Deposits	1	CK07	Money Orders	5	
	Unidentified Deposits	1	CK08	Travelers Checks	15	
AC08	Suspense Account Credits	3	CK09	Foreign Exchange Checks	5	
AC09 AC50	IRA or Keogh Accounts Other Account Balances Owing	3 3	CK10	Expense Reimbursement Checks	3	
	Aggregate Reporting of Account Balances	3 1	CK11	Pension Checks	1	
AC99	Less Than \$50.00		CK12	Credit Refund Checks	3	
			CK15	Other Miscellaneous Outstanding Checks	3	
	MINERAL PROCEEDS INTEREST		CK17	Refund or Rebate Checks	5	
MI01	Oil, Gas, Mineral Net Revenue Interest	1	CK99	Aggregate Reporting of Unclaimed	3	
MI02	Royalties	1	CR99	Checks Less Than \$50.00	1	
MI50	Other Mineral Proceeds Owing	1			-	
MI99	Aggregate Reporting of Mineral Interests Less Than \$50.00	1		SECURITIES	SECURITIES	
			SC01	Dividends	5	
			SC02	Interest Payable Bonds or Debentures	5	
AAI	SC CHECKS & INTANGIBLE PROPER	TV	SC03	Principal Payments Due for Bonds or Debentures	5	
			SC04	Equity Payments	5	
MS01	Wages- Payroll or Salary	1	SC05	Unidentified Overages (Cash Over Receipts)	5	
MS02	Commissions	1	SC06	Funds aid to Purchase Shares	5	
MS03	Worker's Compensation Benefits	1	SC07	Funds Paid for Stocks	5	
MS04	Payments for Goods & Services	1	SC08	Undeliverable Shares of Stock (RPO)	5	
MS05	Customer Overpayments	3	SC09	Cash for Fractional Shares	5	
MS06	Unidentified Remittances	3	SC10	Unexchanged Stock of a Successor Corp.	5	
MS07	Unrefunded Overcharges	3	SC11	Other Certificates of Ownership	5	
MS09	Accounts Receivable Credit Balances or Memos		SC12	Underlying Shares of Stock	5	
MS10	Discounts Due	3		Cash Held for Redemption/ Liquidation of	•	
MS11	Refunds Due	3	SC13	Mutual Fund	5	
MS13	Unclaimed Loan Collateral Stocks	3	SC14	Debentures	5	
MS14	Sums Payable Under Pension or Profit Sharing Plans	1	SC15	US Government Securities	5	
	-	1	SC17	Warrants (Rights)	5	
MS15	Distributions for Dissolution or Liquidations Shares		SC18	Matured Bonds	5	
MS16	Any Other Miscellaneous Checks	3	SC19	Dividend Reinvestment Plans (DRIP)	5	
MS17	Any Other Miscellaneous Intangible Property	3	SC20	Credit Balances	5	
MS18	Funds Held in Suspense Liabilities	3	SC21	Intangible Property Held or Owed by Securities Broker/ Dealer	5	
MS19	Deposits for Rent Leases or Unused Services	1	SC50	Other Equity Securities Funds Held or Owing	5	
MS20	Other Deposits or Advance Payments	1	SC99	Aggregate Reporting of Unclaimed Checks Less Than \$50.00	3	
MS21	Funds Due Ohio Residents by the US	3				
MS22	Government or Other States Real Estate Escrow Funds	2				
MS23	Funds Held for Layaways	3				
	Aggregate Reporting of Miscellaneous	J				
MS99	Property Less Than \$50.00	1				

Code	Description of Funds	Period	Code	Description of Funds	Period
				<u>INSURANCE</u>	
			IN01	Individual Policy Benefits or Claim Payments	3
	TRUST & ESCROW ACCOUNTS		IN02	Group Policy Benefits or Claim Payments	3
TR01	Securities Paying Agent Accounts	5	IN03	Proceeds Due Beneficiaries	3
TR02	Undelivered or Uncashed Dividends	5	IN04	Proceeds from Matured Policies,	3
TR03	Funds Held or Owed by a Fiduciary	3		Endowments or Annuities	
TR04	Escrow Accounts	3	IN05	Premium Refunds	3
TR05	Trust Vouchers	3	IN06	Unidentified Remittances	3
TR06	Funds Paid for Bonds or Debentures	3	IN07	Other Amounts Due Under Policy Terms	3
TR07	Cash Held for Redemption/Liquidation of	3	IN08	A gent Credit Balances	3
	Bonds or Debentures		IN09	Drafts Not Presented for Payment	3
TR50	Other Paying Agent Funds Held or Owing	3	IN50	Other Insurance Monies Owing	3
TR88	Attorney Unclaimed Funds	3	IN99	Aggregate Reporting of Insurance PropertyLes Than \$50.00	s 3
TR99	Aggregate Reporting of Intangible Trust Property Less than \$50.00	1			
SAF	E DEPOSIT BOXES & SAFEKEEPING			UTILITIES	
SD01 C		3	UT01	Utility Deposits	1
SD02 C	Currency	3	UT02	Utility Membership Fees	1
SD03 S		3	UT03	Utility Refunds or Rebates	1
SD04 S	itocks	3	UT50	Other Utility Monies Owing	1
SD05 B	Bonds	3	UT99	Aggregate Reporting of Intangible Utility	
SD06 F	unds from Sale of Safe Deposit Box Contents	3		Property Less than \$50.00	
SD07 F	Funds from Sale of Personal Property in a Self-Service Storage Facility	2		PROPERTY NOT LISTED ABOVE	
SD50 C	Other Intangible Property in Safekeeping	3	ZZZZ	Intangible Property Not Identified Above	3

RELATIONSHIP CODES

	SINGLE AND MULTIPLE RELATIONSHIP CODES			JOINT RELATIONSHIP CODES		
SO	Sole Owner	FB	For Benefit Of	JY	Joint 'OR' account, with Right of Survivorship	
AD	Administrator	IN	Insured	JO	Joint 'OR' account, NO Right of Survivorship	
AF	Attorney For	TE	As Trustee For	JO	Joint 'OR' account, UNKNOWN Right of Survivorship	
AG	Agent For	EX	Executor or Executrix	JS	Joint 'AND' account, with Right of Survivorship	
BF	Beneficiary	PA	Payee	JT	Joint 'AND' account, NO Right of Survivorship	
СС	Co-Conservator	РО	Power of Attorney	JT	Joint 'AND' account, UNKNOWN Right of Survivorship	
CF	Custodian For	RE	Remitter	JT	Joint account, UNKNOWN relationship, UNKNOWN Right of Survivorship	
CN	Conservator	UG	Uniform Gift to Minors Act (UGMA)			
ES	Estate of	GR	Guardian For			

NOTES:

- (A) Each owner of a joint account receives the same code. Do not combine single and multiple relation- ship codes with joint relationship codes.
- (B) Please see page 19 for the Requirements for Reporting Joint Account Information.

NAUPA COMPLIANCE NOTICE

Ohio is NAUPA complaint and accepts all NAUPA standard electronic reporting codes. Not all of the NAUPA codes are listed in this booklet.

REQUIREMENTS FOR REPORTING JOINT ACCOUNT INFORMATION

When reporting an unclaimed account with joint owners it is necessary to determine the relationship between those owners and their Right of Survivorship. If no information is evident of the relationship of the owners, it is unknown if the joint account is a joint "AND" or a joint "OR" account, then an "AND" relationship is assumed. This means that all owners of the joint account must file a claim to receive their share of the unclaimed funds unless one of the owners has a release from the other owner, or the surviving owner has proof that the other joint owner is deceased, at which point the Right of Survivorship becomes an issue. If no information is evident of the existence of the Right of Survivorship, then NO Right of Survivorship is assumed. This means that if a joint account is reported with un-known Right of Survivorship then it is assumed that it does not exist.

Please review unclaimed joint accounts for the "AND" or "OR" relationship of the owners and the existence of the Right of Survivorship. The following table will help to determine the proper Relationship Code for joint accounts.

DETERMINING THE RELATIONSHIP CODE FOR A JOINT ACCOUNT

Relationship Code	Relationship of Owners	Right of Survivorship	Who may claim unclaimed funds and how much they are entitled to using the Wright v. Bloom guidelines.	
JY		YES	Due to the "OR" owner relationship either owner may assert a claim on the entire balance of unclaimed funds.	
11	"OR"		With Right of Survivorship the surviving owner is entitled to the entire balance of unclaimed funds.	
			Due to the "OR" owner relationship either owner may assert a claim on the entire balance of unclaimed funds.	
JO	"OR"	NO	With NO Right of Survivorship, the surviving owner is entitled to one-half the unclaimed funds account balance. The deceased owner's estate would be entitled to the remaining half of the unclaimed funds.	
			Due to the "OR" owner relationship either owner may assert a claim on the entire balance of unclaimed funds.	
ЈО	"OR"	UNKNOWN	With UNKNOWN Right of Survivorship assume there is No Right of Survivorship. The surviving owner is entitled to one-half the unclaimed funds account balance. The deceased owner's estate would be entitled to the remaining half of the unclaimed funds.	
	"AND"		Due to the "AND" owner relationship all owners must file a claim to receive their share of an unclaimed account.	
JS		YES	With Right of Survivorship the surviving owner is entitled to the entire balance of unclaimed funds.	
			Due to the "AND" owner relationship all owners must file a claim to receive their share of an unclaimed account.	
JT	"AND"	NO	With NO Right of Survivorship, the surviving owner is entitled to one-half the unclaimed funds account balance. The deceased owner's estate would be entitled to the remaining half of the unclaimed funds.	
			Due to the "AND" owner relationship all owners must file a claim to receive their share of an unclaimed account.	
JΤ	"AND"	"AND"	"AND" UNKNOWN	With UNKNOWN Right of Survivorship assume there is No Right of Survivorship. The surviving owner is entitled to one-half the unclaimed funds account balance. The deceased owner's estate would be entitled to the remaining half of the unclaimed funds.
	"UNKNOWN"		Due to the unknown owner relationship, an "AND" relationship is assumed, and all owners must file a claim to receive their share of an unclaimed account.	
JΤ		"UNKNOWN" UNKNOWN	With UNKNOWN Right of Survivorship assume there is No Right of Survivorship. The surviving owner is entitled to one-half the unclaimed funds account balance. The deceased owner's estate would be entitled to the remaining half of the unclaimed funds.	

^{*}NOTE: The shares of an account to which joint owners are entitled may differ when there are more than two (2) joint owners.*

FINAL CHECKLIST BEFORE MAILING



- Didyou furnish all identifying information for owner accounts, including the social security number, if available?
- ✓ Have all accounts been coded with Nature of Funds Codes?
- ✓ Have all accounts been coded with Relationship Codes?
- ✓ Did you make the check payable to the Ohio Department of Commerce, Division of Unclaimed Funds?
- ✓ Has a certificate for all unclaimed securities been issued to the Ohio Department of Commerce, Division of Unclaimed Funds?
- ✓ Securities from safe deposit boxes are reported in their original form and not liquidated as they are considered as part of the box.
- ✓ Have the totals on all pages been verified, including the grand total?

EXTENSION

File a Request for Extension on the Ohio Division of Unclaimed Funds website: https://unclaimedfunds.ohio.gov/app/holder/extension/info

If you have any additional questions, please call (877) 644-6823.

