

OHIO EPA
DRAFT PERMIT
SUBJECT TO REVISION

Effective Date:
Expiration Date: 5 years

OHIO ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

GENERAL PERMIT AUTHORIZATION TO DISCHARGE
PETROLEUM-CONTAMINATED WASTEWATER

THE NATIONAL POLLUTANT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM

In compliance with the provisions of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, as amended (33 U.S.C. 1251 et. seq., hereafter referred to as "the Act"), and the Ohio Water Pollution Control Act (Ohio Revised Code Chapter 6111), discharges of wastewater, as defined in Part I.B. of this permit, are authorized by the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency, hereafter referred to as "Ohio EPA", to discharge from the outfalls at the sites and to the receiving waters identified in the applicant's Notice of Intent application (NOI) acceptable to and on file with Ohio EPA in accordance with the conditions specified in Parts I through VI of this General Permit Authorization to Discharge Petroleum-Contaminated Wastewater ("permit").

Granting of permit coverage is conditioned upon payment of applicable fees and submittal of a complete and acceptable NOI.

In accordance with the antidegradation rule, OAC 3745-1-05, I have determined that a lowering of water quality in waters designated as General High Quality Waters is necessary. Paragraph (D)(1)(d) of this rule applies to discharges covered under this permit and excludes the need for the submittal and subsequent review of technical alternatives and social and economic issues related to the degradation. Other rule provisions including public participation and appropriate intergovernmental coordination were required and considered prior to reaching this decision.

This permit and the authorization to discharge shall expire at midnight on the expiration date shown above. In order to receive authorization to discharge beyond the above date of expiration, the permittee shall submit such information and forms as are required by the Ohio EPA (see Part II).

Laurie A. Stevenson
Director

Total Pages: 30

Part I. COVERAGE UNDER THIS PERMIT

A. Permit Area. This permit covers the entire state of Ohio.

B. Applicability. Ohio Revised Code Chapter 6111 provides that discharges from a point source to waters of the state of petroleum-contaminated wastewater to ground and/or surface water are unlawful, unless authorized by an NPDES permit. Entities with petroleum-contaminated wastewater that is discharged via a point source (including discharges through a municipal separate storm sewer system (MS4)) to waters of the state are required to submit a permit application in accordance with Ohio EPA regulations. Entities that are eligible for coverage under this permit and that submit a complete and acceptable NOI in accordance with the requirements of Part II of this permit are in compliance with the NPDES application requirements for such wastewater discharges.

C. Eligibility.

1. This permit may cover all new and existing discharges of petroleum-contaminated wastewater to waters of the state, as defined in Part VI of this permit. Discharges allowed coverage under this permit are limited in paragraph 2 below.

2. Limitations on Coverage. The following petroleum-contaminated wastewater discharges are not authorized by this permit:

a. petroleum-contaminated wastewater discharges that are mixed with discharges of wastewater that are not associated with petroleum products. Storm water that is not related to but is mixed with the petroleum-contaminated wastewater, during wet weather conditions, is not covered by this general permit. Storm water discharges are authorized separately by a storm water general permit;

b. petroleum-contaminated wastewater discharges that are subject to an existing NPDES individual permit with a final effluent limitation and/or parameter that is not addressed by this general permit (see Part I.C.4.);

c. petroleum-contaminated wastewater discharges that may be authorized under another existing general NPDES permit

d. petroleum-contaminated wastewater discharges that the Director has determined to be contributing to a potential violation of Ohio's Water Quality Standards;

e. petroleum-contaminated wastewater discharges that are discharged to combined or sanitary sewer systems;

f. petroleum-contaminated wastewater discharges that take place within five-hundred yards upstream of a public water supply surface water intake and such discharges cannot meet Ohio's public water supply standards;

g. petroleum-contaminated wastewater discharges that are commingled with hazardous wastes or hazardous substances;

h. new sources of petroleum-contaminated wastewater discharges to any receiving water designated Outstanding National Resource Water (ONRW), Outstanding State Water (OSW), Superior High Quality Water (SHQW) or Category 3 wetland;

i. petroleum-contaminated wastewater discharges from accumulations in petroleum storage tanks or piping;

j. petroleum-contaminated wastewater discharges from any motor vehicle storage, staging, or maintenance area, including, but not limited to: salvage yards, scrap yards, junkyards, airports, and car lots; and

k. petroleum-contaminated wastewater discharges known to contain pollutants that are not commonly associated with petroleum products.

3. This permit shall cover all eligible discharges, including those with a short-term, temporary, or emergency discharge. Facilities that discharge under a span of one month are required to submit one set of monitoring data, including polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAH) (see Part VI).

4. Waiver from Limitations on Coverage (on individual permit). The limitation clause in Part I.C.2.b. above may be waived if the discharge is strictly petroleum-related in nature, and the existing effluent limitations and/or monitoring of parameters in the individual permit that are not addressed in this general permit are no longer relevant. In that case, the permittee shall provide technical justification to the Ohio EPA and request a waiver in the NOI. The request shall be sent by email to the appropriate Ohio EPA district contact and contain the words "Waiver Requested" on the subject line. A list of contact information can be found in the link below.

<https://epa.ohio.gov/about/districts>

D. Authorization.

1. To be authorized to discharge under this permit, dischargers of petroleum-contaminated wastewater shall submit a complete and acceptable NOI in accordance with the requirements of Part II of this permit, using a form provided by the Director.

2. After the NOI is reviewed by Ohio EPA, the applicant shall be notified as to Ohio EPA's approval or denial for coverage under this general permit.

3. The Director may require submittal of an application for an individual NPDES permit based on a review of the NOI or other information. Any interested person may petition for the Director to take action under this paragraph. Cases where an individual NPDES permit may be required include the following:
- a. The discharger is not in compliance with the conditions of the general NPDES permit;
 - b. A change has occurred in the availability of demonstrated technology or practices for the control or abatement of pollutants applicable to the point source;
 - c. Effluent limitation guidelines are promulgated for point sources covered by this permit;
 - d. A water quality management plan containing requirements applicable to this permit is approved;
 - e. Circumstances have changed since the time of the request to be covered so that the discharger is no longer appropriately controlled under the general permit, or either a temporary or permanent reduction or elimination of the authorized discharge is necessary; and
 - f. The discharge is a significant contributor of pollutants.

Part II. NOTICE OF INTENT REQUIREMENTS

A. Deadlines for Notification.

1. NOIs will not be accepted prior to the effective date of this permit.
2. Persons that want to begin discharging petroleum-contaminated wastewater after the effective date of this permit shall submit a complete and acceptable NOI in accordance with the requirements of this part 45 days prior to commencing discharge, unless permission for a later date has been requested and granted by Ohio EPA.
3. Coverage under this permit is transferable. Ohio EPA shall be notified in writing at least 30 days prior to any proposed transfer of coverage under this permit (see Part V.E. for transfer requirements).
4. An operator of a facility with a petroleum-contaminated wastewater discharge may submit an NOI in accordance with the requirements of this part after the dates provided in Parts II.A.1., II.A.2., or II.A.3. of this permit. In such instances, Ohio EPA may bring an enforcement action for any discharges of petroleum-contaminated wastewater that have occurred on or after the dates specified in Parts II.A.1., II.A.2., or II.A.3.

B. Contents of NOI.

1. The applicant shall submit a complete and acceptable NOI. Failure to follow the NOI instructions may result in the NOI being returned to the applicant. The NOI electronic application form is available through the Ohio EPA eBusiness Center at:

<https://ebiz.epa.ohio.gov/>

Submission through the Ohio EPA eBusiness Center will require establishing an Ohio EPA eBusiness Center account and obtaining a unique Personal Identification Number (PIN) for submission of the NOI. Existing eBusiness Center account holders can access the NOI form through their existing account and submit using their existing PIN. A guide for the Ohio EPA eBusiness Center is available in the link below:

[https://epa.ohio.gov/static/Portals/35/edmr/doc/STREAMSGuide\(Dashboard\).pdf](https://epa.ohio.gov/static/Portals/35/edmr/doc/STREAMSGuide(Dashboard).pdf)

- ### C. Submittal.
- NOIs shall be signed in accordance with Part V.D of this permit. Payment in the amount designated on the form, can be electronically submitted through the agency eBusiness Center ePay service. Instructions on submitting fee payments via the ePay service can be found at:

<https://epa.ohio.gov/static/Portals/35/edmr/doc/ePAYwalkthrough.pdf>

- ### D. Additional Notification.
- Facilities that discharge petroleum-contaminated wastewater through a MS4 shall, in addition to filing copies of the NOI in accordance with paragraph II.C, also submit signed copies of the NOI to the operator of the MS4 through which they discharge in accordance with the deadlines in Part II.A of this permit.

E. Renotification. In order to receive authorization to discharge beyond the date of expiration of this permit (i.e. renew existing general permit), the permittee shall notify the Director of its intent to be covered by the new general permit (i.e. submit a new complete and acceptable NOI within 45 days after the effective date of the renewed general permit).

F. Notice of Termination (NOT).

When all petroleum-contaminated wastewater discharges that are authorized by this permit are eliminated, the operator of the facility shall submit a NOT that is signed in accordance with Part V.D of this permit.

The NOT shall include the information required by the NOT form and shall be submitted through the Ohio EPA eBusiness Center Division of Surface Water NPDES Permit Application STREAMS service using the online form provided by the Director of the Ohio EPA. The form is available at:

<https://ebiz.epa.ohio.gov/login.html>

Submission through the Ohio EPA eBusiness Center shall require establishing an Ohio EPA eBusiness Center account and obtaining a unique PIN for submission of the NOT. Existing eBusiness Center account holders can access the NOT form through their existing account and submit using their existing PIN.

Part III - FINAL EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

1. Discharges to Receiving Streams in Low to Medium Hardness Watersheds (listed below). During the period beginning on the effective date of this permit and lasting until the expiration date, the permittee is authorized to discharge in accordance with the following limitations and monitoring requirements.

Table - Final Outfall - 001 - Final

Effluent Characteristic Parameter	Discharge Limitations							Monitoring Requirements		
	Concentration Specified Units				Loading* kg/day			Measuring Frequency	Sampling Type	Monitoring Months
	Maximum	Minimum	Weekly	Monthly	Daily	Weekly	Monthly			
00056 - Flow Rate - GPD	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Month	Total	All
00340 - Chemical Oxygen Demand (High Level) - mg/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Month	Grab	All
00400 - pH - S.U.	9.0	6.5	-	-	-	-	-	1/Month	Grab	All
00530 - Total Suspended Solids - mg/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Month	Grab	All
00552 - Oil and Grease, Hexane Extr Method - mg/l	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Month	Grab	All
01114 - Lead, Total Recoverable - ug/l	120	-	-	6.4	-	-	-	1/Month	Grab	All
22456 - PAHs - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Quarter	Grab	Quarterly - Alt.
34010 - Toluene - ug/l	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Month	Grab	All
34030 - Benzene - ug/l	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Month	Grab	All
34200 - Acenaphthylene - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Quarter	Grab	Quarterly - Alt.
34205 - Acenaphthene - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Quarter	Grab	Quarterly - Alt.
34220 - Anthracene, General Organic - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Quarter	Grab	Quarterly - Alt.
34242 - Benzo(k)Fluoranthene - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Quarter	Grab	Quarterly - Alt.
34247 - Benzo-A-Pyrene - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Quarter	Grab	Quarterly - Alt.
34320 - Chrysene - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Quarter	Grab	Quarterly - Alt.
34371 - Ethylbenzene - ug/l	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Month	Grab	All

Effluent Characteristic Parameter	Discharge Limitations							Monitoring Requirements		
	Concentration Specified Units				Loading* kg/day			Measuring Frequency	Sampling Type	Monitoring Months
	Maximum	Minimum	Weekly	Monthly	Daily	Weekly	Monthly			
34376 - Fluoranthene - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Quarter	Grab	Quarterly - Alt.
34381 - Fluorene - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Quarter	Grab	Quarterly - Alt.
34403 - Indeno(123-cd)pyrene - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Quarter	Grab	Quarterly - Alt.
34461 - Phenanthrene - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Quarter	Grab	Quarterly - Alt.
34469 - Pyrene - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Quarter	Grab	Quarterly - Alt.
34521 - Benzo(ghi)Perylene - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Quarter	Grab	Quarterly - Alt.
34526 - Benzo(A)Anthracene - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Quarter	Grab	Quarterly - Alt.
34556 - Dibenzo (A,H) Anthracene - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Quarter	Grab	Quarterly - Alt.
34696 - Naphthalene - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Quarter	Grab	Quarterly - Alt.
34711 - Benzo(B,K)Fluoranthene - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Quarter	Grab	Quarterly - Alt.
81551 - Xylene, Total - ug/l	10	-	-	5	-	-	-	1/Month	Grab	All

Notes:

- This table shall be used by facilities discharging into receiving waters with low to medium hardness concentrations, located in the following watersheds:

- . Ashtabula River
- . Black River
- . Chagrin River
- . Conneaut Creek
- . Cuyahoga River
- . Grand River
- . Lake Erie tributaries between the Pennsylvania state line and the Black River
- . Ohio River tributaries (Southwest, Central, and Southeast)
- . Mahoning River
- . Rocky River

- "Quarterly-Alt" monitoring months means that sampling is required during the months of March, June, September, and December.
- Limits for lead are based on water quality-based effluent limitations under federal regulations 40 CFR 122.28(a)(3) and 40 CFR 122.44(d).
- Limits for benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and xylene are from best available demonstrated control technology (BADCT) found in OAC 3745-1-05(A)(3)(f).

Part III - FINAL EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

2. Discharges to receiving Streams in Medium to High Hardness Watersheds (listed below). During the period beginning on the effective date of this permit and lasting until the expiration date, the permittee is authorized to discharge in accordance with the following limitations and monitoring requirements.

Table - Final Outfall - 002 - Final

Effluent Characteristic Parameter	Discharge Limitations							Monitoring Requirements		
	Concentration Specified Units				Loading* kg/day			Measuring Frequency	Sampling Type	Monitoring Months
	Maximum	Minimum	Weekly	Monthly	Daily	Weekly	Monthly			
00056 - Flow Rate - GPD	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Month	Total	All
00340 - Chemical Oxygen Demand (High Level) - mg/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Month	Grab	All
00400 - pH - S.U.	9.0	6.5	-	-	-	-	-	1/Month	Grab	All
00530 - Total Suspended Solids - mg/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Month	Grab	All
00552 - Oil and Grease, Hexane Extr Method - mg/l	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Month	Grab	All
01114 - Lead, Total Recoverable - ug/l	393	-	-	21	-	-	-	1/Month	Grab	All
22456 - PAHs - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Quarter	Grab	Quarterly - Alt.
34010 - Toluene - ug/l	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Month	Grab	All
34030 - Benzene - ug/l	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Month	Grab	All
34200 - Acenaphthylene - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Quarter	Grab	Quarterly - Alt.
34205 - Acenaphthene - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Quarter	Grab	Quarterly - Alt.
34220 - Anthracene, General Organic - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Quarter	Grab	Quarterly - Alt.
34242 - Benzo(k)Fluoranthene - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Quarter	Grab	Quarterly - Alt.
34247 - Benzo-A-Pyrene - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Quarter	Grab	Quarterly - Alt.
34320 - Chrysene - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Quarter	Grab	Quarterly - Alt.
34371 - Ethylbenzene - ug/l	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Month	Grab	All

Effluent Characteristic Parameter	Discharge Limitations							Monitoring Requirements		
	Concentration Specified Units				Loading* kg/day			Measuring Frequency	Sampling Type	Monitoring Months
	Maximum	Minimum	Weekly	Monthly	Daily	Weekly	Monthly			
34376 - Fluoranthene - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Quarter	Grab	Quarterly - Alt.
34381 - Fluorene - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Quarter	Grab	Quarterly - Alt.
34403 - Indeno(123-cd)pyrene - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Quarter	Grab	Quarterly - Alt.
34461 - Phenanthrene - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Quarter	Grab	Quarterly - Alt.
34469 - Pyrene - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Quarter	Grab	Quarterly - Alt.
34521 - Benzo(ghi)Perylene - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Quarter	Grab	Quarterly - Alt.
34526 - Benzo(A)Anthracene - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Quarter	Grab	Quarterly - Alt.
34556 - Dibenzo (A,H) Anthracene - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Quarter	Grab	Quarterly - Alt.
34696 - Naphthalene - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Quarter	Grab	Quarterly - Alt.
34711 - Benzo(B,K)Fluoranthene - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Quarter	Grab	Quarterly - Alt.
81551 - Xylene, Total - ug/l	10	-	-	5	-	-	-	1/Month	Grab	All

Notes:

- This table shall be used by facilities discharging into receiving waters with medium to high hardness concentrations, located in the following watersheds:

- . Great Miami River
- . Hocking River
- . Huron River
- . Lake Erie tributaries between the Michigan state line and the Black River
- . Little Beaver Creek (Columbiana and Mahoning Counties)
- . Little Miami River
- . Maumee River
- . Mill Creek (Cincinnati)
- . Muskingum River
- . Portage River
- . Sandusky River

- . Scioto River
- . Vermillion River
- . Wabash River

- "Quarterly-Alt" monitoring months means that sampling is required during the months of March, June, September, and December.

- Limits for lead are based on water quality-based effluent limitations under federal regulations 40 CFR 122.28(a)(3) and 40 CFR 122.44(d).

- Limits for benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and xylene are from best available demonstrated control technology (BADCT) found in OAC 3745-1-05(A)(3)(f).

Part IV. SPECIAL CONDITIONS

- A. This permit may be modified to comply with any applicable standards or regulations.
- B. Grab samples shall be collected at such times and locations, and in such fashion, as to be representative of the facility's performance. Samples shall only be collected when discharging to waters of the state.
- C. Samples taken in compliance with the effluent monitoring requirements shall be collected following treatment (if provided) and prior to either direct or via storm sewer discharge to the receiving stream.
- D. It is understood by Ohio EPA that at the time permit OHU000007 becomes effective, an analytical method is not approved under 40 CFR 136 to comply with the xylene monitoring requirements included in this permit. For monitoring of xylenes, the permittee shall utilize one of the approved methods for benzene, toluene and ethylbenzene listed in 40 CFR 136.

E. Analytical Methods

1. The permittee shall use analytical procedures approved under 40 CFR 136 with quantification levels (QLs) less than or equal to those listed below to comply with the monitoring requirements for the following parameters:

Parameter Limit (DL)	Quantification Level (QL)	Detection
Lead - limit of 6.4 ug/l	5.0 ug/L	1.0 ug/L
Lead - limit of 21 ug/l	10.0 ug/L	2.0 ug/L
Toluene	5.0 ug/L	1.0 ug/L
Benzene	5.0 ug/L	1.0 ug/L
Ethylbenzene	5.0 ug/L	1.0 ug/L
Xylene	5.0 ug/L	1.0 ug/L

2. All analytical results, even those below the OEPA QL (listed above), shall be reported. Analytical results are to be reported as follows:
- Results above the QL: Report the analytical result for the parameter of concern.
 - Results above the MDL, but below the QL: Report the analytical result, even though it is below the QL.
 - Results below the MDL: Analytical results below the method detection limit shall be reported as "below detection" using the reporting code "AA".

F. Treatment Additive Approval

Written permission must be obtained from the Director of the Ohio EPA prior to the use of any treatment additives discharged to waters of the state, except for those exempt in rule. If additives are being used that have not previously been approved, an approval must be obtained for continued use. Discharges of these additives must meet Ohio Water Quality Standards and shall not be harmful or inimical to aquatic life. Request for approvals shall be filed in accordance with OAC 3745-33-03(G) and should be filed at least forty-five days prior to use or immediately if the additive is currently being used. Application forms are available for download on the DSW website: <https://epa.ohio.gov/static/Portals/35/permits/Additive-Form.docx>.

G. Visual Monitoring and Recordkeeping

The permittee shall conduct visual monitoring of the final effluent and treatment equipment once per week while discharging. Records of these observations shall be maintained by the permittee and shall be available upon request by Ohio EPA. Monitoring records shall include, at a minimum, the following information:

1. Effluent appearance, including color, turbidity, and the presence of any oily sheens, floating material, or other obvious signs of contamination;
2. Should any unsightly effluent conditions be observed; measures taken to remediate the issue;
3. Operational status of any treatment equipment; and
4. Cleanliness of treatment equipment and discharge structure(s).

Records shall be maintained in accordance with Part V.O of this permit.

Part V. STANDARD PERMIT CONDITIONS

A. Duty to Comply.

1. The permittee must comply with all conditions of this permit. Any permit noncompliance constitutes a violation of the Ohio Revised Code Chapter 6111 and is grounds for enforcement action; for permit revocation or modification; or for denial of a permit renewal application.

2. Penalties for Violations of Permit Conditions.

a. Criminal

i. Ohio Revised Code Chapter 6111 provides that any person who violates permit conditions is subject to a fine or imprisonment.

ii. False Statement. Ohio Revised Code Section 2921.13 provides that any person who knowingly makes any false material statement, representation, or certification in any application, record, report, plan, or other document filed or required to be maintained or who knowingly falsifies, tampers with, or renders inaccurate any monitoring device or method required to be maintained under the Act, shall upon conviction be punished by a fine or by imprisonment for not more than six months, or both.

iii. Where the permittee becomes aware that it failed to submit any relevant facts in a NOI or submitted incorrect information in a NOI or in any report to the Director, it shall promptly submit such corrected facts or information.

b. Civil Penalties. Ohio Revised Code Chapter 6111 provides that any person who violates a permit condition is subject to a civil penalty.

B. Continuation of the Expired General Permit. An expired general permit continues in force and effect until a new general permit is issued provided the NOI has been submitted within 45 days after the effective date of the renewed general permit.

C. Need to halt or reduce activity not a defense. 40 CFR 122.41(c) states that it shall not be a defense for a permittee in an enforcement action that it would have been necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of this permit.

D. Signatory Requirements. All NOIs, NOTs, reports, certifications or information either submitted to the Director (and/or the operator of a MS4), or that this permit requires be maintained by the permittee, shall be signed as provided in the following paragraphs 1 through 2.

1. NOIs and NOTs shall be signed as follows:

a. For a corporation: by a responsible corporate officer. For the purpose of this section, a responsible corporate officer means: (1) a president, secretary, treasurer, or vice-president of the corporation in charge of a principal business function, or any other person who performs similar policy- or decision-making functions for the corporation and who has authority to sign documents on behalf of the corporation; or (2) the manager of one or more manufacturing, production or operating facilities employing more than 250 persons or having gross annual sales or expenditures exceeding \$25,000,000 (in second-quarter 1980 dollars) if authority to sign documents has been assigned or delegated to the manager in accordance with corporate procedures.

b. For a partnership or sole proprietorship: by a general partner or the proprietor, respectively; or

c. For a municipality: State, Federal, or other public agency: by either a principal executive officer or ranking elected official. For purposes of this section, a principal executive officer of a Federal agency includes (1) the chief executive officer of the agency, or (2) a senior executive officer having responsibility for the overall operations of a principal geographic unit of the agency (e.g. Regional Administrators of EPA).

2. All reports required by this permit and other information requested by the Director shall be signed by a person described in paragraph 1 above or by a duly authorized representative of that person. A person is a duly authorized representative only if all of the following apply:

a. The authorization is made in writing by a person described above and submitted to the Director.

b. The authorization specifies either an individual or a position having responsibility for the overall operation of the regulated facility or activity, such as the position of manager, operator, superintendent, or position of equivalent responsibility or an individual or position having overall responsibility for environmental matters for the company. (A duly authorized representative may thus be either a named individual or any individual occupying a named position).

c. Changes to authorization. If an authorization under paragraph D.2. is no longer accurate because a different individual or position has responsibility for the overall operation of the facility, a new authorization satisfying the requirements of paragraph D.2. must be submitted to the Director prior to or together with any reports, information, or applications to be signed by an authorized representative.

3. Certification. Any person signing documents under this section shall make the following certification:

"I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gathered and evaluated the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations."

E. Transfers of Permit Coverage.

This permit cannot be transferred or assigned nor shall a new owner or successor be authorized to discharge from this facility until the following requirements are met:

1. The permittee shall notify the succeeding owner or successor of the existence of this permit by a letter, a copy of which shall be forwarded to Ohio EPA Central Office. The copy of that letter shall serve as the permittee's notice to the Director of the proposed transfer. The copy of that letter shall be received by the Ohio EPA central office at least 30 days prior to the proposed date of transfer;
2. A written agreement containing a specific date for transfer of permit responsibility and coverage between the current and new permittee (including acknowledgement that the current permittee is liable for violations up to that date, and that the new permittee is liable for violations from that date) shall be submitted to Ohio EPA Central Office within 30 days after receipt by the central office of the copy of the letter from the permittee to the succeeding owner;
3. The Director does not exercise his right within thirty days after receipt of the written agreement to notify the current permittee and the new permittee of intent to revoke the permit and to require that a new NOI be filed; and
4. The new owner or successor receives written confirmation and approval of the transfer from the Director.

At any time during the 30 day period between notification of the proposed transfer and the effective date of the transfer, the Director may prevent the transfer if he concludes that such transfer will jeopardize compliance with the terms and conditions of the permit.

F. Requiring an individual permit or an alternative general permit.

1. The Director may require a permittee to apply for and/or obtain either an individual NPDES permit or an alternative NPDES general permit. Any interested person may petition the Director to take action under this paragraph. The Director may notify the operator in writing that an application for an individual permit is required. This notice shall include a brief statement of the reasons for this decision, an application form, a statement setting a deadline for the owner or operator to file the application, and a statement that on the effective date of the individual NPDES permit or the alternative general permit as it applies to the individual permittee, coverage under this permit shall be revoked. Individual permit applications shall be submitted to the appropriate Ohio EPA district office, Division of Surface Water. The Director may grant additional time to submit the application upon request of the permittee and good cause shown. If an owner or operator fails to submit in a timely manner an individual NPDES permit application as required by the Director, then the applicability of this permit to the individual NPDES permittee is automatically revoked at the end of last day of the period specified for application submittal (see Part V.W). Any discharge past this date is illegal and subject to enforcement.

2. Any operator authorized by this permit may request to be excluded from the coverage of this permit by applying for an individual permit. The operator shall submit an individual application (Form 1 and Form 2C, 2D, 2E, or 2F) with reasons supporting the request to the Director. Individual permit applications shall be submitted to the appropriate Ohio EPA district office, Division of Surface Water. The request may be granted by the issuance of any individual permit or an alternative general permit if the reasons cited by the owner or operator are adequate to support the request (see Part I.C).

3. When an individual NPDES permit is issued to an operator otherwise subject to this permit, or the owner or operator is authorized for coverage under an alternative NPDES general permit, the applicability of this permit to the individual NPDES permittee is automatically revoked on the effective date of the individual permit or the date of authorization of coverage under the alternative general permit, whichever the case may be.

4. If an individual permit holder believes the discharge could be covered by this permit, the owner or operator must submit a NOI (see Part II C) for coverage under this permit and request appropriate Ohio EPA district office, Division of Surface Water, to either revoke the existing individual permit or approve No Permit Requirement (NPR) for the existing individual permit.

G. Other Laws. No condition of this permit shall release the permittee from any responsibility or requirements under other statutes or regulations.

H. Inspection and Entry. The permittee shall allow the Director or an authorized representative of Ohio EPA or other designated representative or, in the case of a facility that discharges through a MS4, an authorized representative of the municipal operator of the separate storm sewer receiving the discharge, upon the presentation of credentials and other documents as may be required by law, to:

1. Enter upon the permittee's premises where a regulated facility or activity is located or conducted, or where records must be kept under the conditions of this permit;
2. Have access to and copy at reasonable times any records that must be kept under the conditions of this permit;
3. Inspect at reasonable times any facilities, equipment (including monitoring and control equipment), practices, or operations regulated or required under this permit; and
4. Sample or monitor at reasonable times, for the purposes of assuring permit compliance or as otherwise authorized by the Ohio Revised Code Chapter 6111 or the Clean Water Act, any substances or parameters at any location.

I. Upset.

1. An upset constitutes an affirmative defense to an action brought for non-compliance with a technology-based permit effluent limit if the requirements of paragraph I.2. of this permit are met. No determination made during administrative review of claims that non-compliance was caused by upset, and before an action for non-compliance, is a final action subject to judicial review.
2. A permittee who wishes to establish the affirmative defense of upset shall demonstrate, through properly signed, contemporaneous operating logs, or other relevant evidence that:
 - a. an upset occurred and that the permittee identified the cause(s) of the upset;
 - b. the permitted facility was at the time being properly operated;
 - c. the permittee submitted notice of the upset as required by the Paragraph S of this Part titled "Noncompliance Notification"; and,
 - d. the permittee complied with any remedial measures required under Paragraph T of this Part titled "Duty to Mitigate".
3. In any enforcement proceeding the permittee seeking to establish the occurrence of an upset has the burden of proving the conditions of paragraph I.

J. General Effluent Limitations. The effluent shall, at all times, be free of substances:

1. In amounts that will settle to form putrescent, or otherwise objectionable, sludge deposits; or that will adversely affect aquatic life or water fowl;
2. Of an oily, greasy, or surface-active nature, and of other floating debris, in amounts that will form noticeable accumulations of scum, foam or sheen;
3. In amounts that will alter the natural color or odor of the receiving water to such degree as to create a nuisance;

4. In amounts that either singly or in combination with other substances are toxic to human, animal, or aquatic life;
5. In amounts that are conducive to the growth of aquatic weeds or algae to the extent that such growths become inimical to more desirable forms of aquatic life, or create conditions that are unsightly, or constitute a nuisance in any other fashion;
6. In amounts that will impair designated instream or downstream water uses.

K. Facility Operation and Quality Control. All wastewater treatment works shall be operated in a manner consistent with the following:

1. At all times, the permittee shall maintain in good working order and operate as efficiently as possible all treatment or control facilities or systems installed or used by the permittee necessary to achieve compliance with the terms and conditions of this permit. Proper operation and maintenance also includes adequate laboratory controls and appropriate quality assurance procedures. This provision requires the operation of back-up or auxiliary facilities or similar systems which are installed by a permittee only when the operation is necessary to achieve compliance with conditions of the permit.
2. The permittee shall effectively monitor the operation and efficiency of treatment and control facilities and the quantity and quality of the treated discharge.
3. Maintenance of wastewater treatment works that results in degradation of effluent quality shall be scheduled during non-critical water quality periods and shall be carried out in a manner approved by the Ohio EPA as specified in the Paragraph R of this PART entitled, " Unauthorized Discharges".

L. Reporting.

1. Monitoring data required by this permit shall be reported on the Ohio EPA 4500 Discharge Monitoring Report (DMR) forms using the electronic DMR (e-DMR) internet application. e-DMR allows permitted facilities to enter, sign and submit DMRs on the internet. It is accessed from the Ohio EPA eBusiness Center. The eBusiness Center is found on the following web page:

<https://ebiz.epa.ohio.gov/>

2. The person signing and submitting the e-DMR will need to obtain an eBusiness Center account and (PIN). Additionally, Delegated Responsible Officials must be delegated by the Responsible Official, either on-line using the eBusiness Center's delegation function, or on a paper delegation form provided by Ohio EPA. For more information on the PIN and delegation processes, please view the following web page:

<https://epa.ohio.gov/divisions-and-offices/surface-water/guides-manuals/edmr-pin-inform>

3. e-DMRs shall be submitted to Ohio EPA by the 20th day of the month following the month-of-interest.

4. A copy of the submitted Ohio EPA DMR shall be maintained onsite for records retention purposes (see paragraph O of this Part entitled "Records Retention." A copy of the DMR can be printed from e-DMR.

5. If the permittee monitors any pollutant at the location(s) designated in the NOI more frequently than required by this permit, using approved analytical methods as specified below, the results of such monitoring shall be included in the calculation and reporting of the values required in the reports specified above.

6. Analyses of pollutants not required by this permit, except as noted in the preceding paragraph, shall not be reported on Ohio EPA report form (4500), but records shall be retained as specified in the Paragraph O of this Part entitled "Records Retention."

M. Sampling and Analytical Methods. Samples and measurements taken as required in this permit shall be representative of the volume and nature of the monitored flow. Test procedures for the analysis of pollutants shall conform to regulation 40 CFR 136, "Test Procedures For The Analysis of Pollutants" unless other test procedures have been specified in this permit. The permittee shall periodically calibrate and perform maintenance procedures on all monitoring and analytical instrumentation at intervals to insure accuracy of measurements.

N. Recording of Results. For each measurement or sample taken pursuant to the requirements of this permit, the permittee shall record the following information:

1. The exact place and date of sampling (time of sampling not required on Discharge Monitoring Report);
2. The person(s) who performed the sampling or measurements;
3. The date the analyses were performed on those samples;
4. The person(s) who performed the analyses;
5. The analytical techniques or methods used; and
6. The results of all analyses and measurements.

O. Records Retention. The permittee shall retain all of the following records for the wastewater treatment works for a minimum of three years, including:

1. All sampling and analytical records (including internal sampling data not reported);
2. All original recordings for any continuous monitoring instrumentation;
3. All instrumentation, calibration and maintenance records;
4. All plant operation and maintenance records;
5. All reports required by this permit;
6. Records of all data used to complete the application for this permit for a period of at least three years from the date of the sample, measurement, report, or application; and
7. All chain of custody forms within the past three years.

These periods shall be extended during the course of any unresolved litigation, or when requested by the Regional Administrator or the Ohio EPA. The three year period for retention of records shall start from the date of sample, measurement, report, or application.

P. Availability of Reports. Except for data determined by the Ohio EPA to be entitled to confidential status, all reports prepared in accordance with the terms of this permit shall be available for public inspection at the Ohio EPA Central Office. Both the Clean Water Act and Section 6111.05 Ohio Revised Code state that effluent data and receiving water quality data shall not be considered confidential. Knowingly making any false statement on any such report may result in the imposition of criminal penalties as provided for in Ohio Revised Code Section 6111.99.

Q. Duty to Provide Information. The permittee shall furnish to the Director, within a reasonable time, any information which the Director may request to determine whether cause exists for modifying or revoking this permit, or to determine compliance with this permit. The permittee shall also furnish to the Director, upon request, copies of records required to be kept by this permit.

R. Unauthorized Discharges.

1. Bypassing or diverting of wastewater from the treatment works is prohibited, and the Director may take enforcement action against a permittee for bypass unless:

- a. Bypass was unavoidable to prevent loss of life, personal injury, or severe property damage;
- b. There were no feasible alternatives to the bypass, such as the use of auxiliary treatment facilities, retention of untreated wastes, or maintenance during normal periods of downtime. This condition is not satisfied if adequate back up equipment should have been installed in the exercise of reasonable engineering judgment to prevent an unauthorized discharge which occurred during normal periods of equipment downtime or preventive maintenance; and
- c. The permittee submitted notices as required under paragraph R.2. of this section.

2. Prior Notice.

- a. Anticipated Bypass - If the permittee knows in advance of the need for a bypass, it shall submit prior notice to Ohio EPA, if possible at least ten days before the date of the bypass.
- b. Unanticipated Bypass - The permittee shall submit notice of an unanticipated bypass as required in paragraph S.2.

3. The Ohio EPA may approve an unanticipated bypass, after considering its adverse effects, if the Ohio EPA determines that it has met the three conditions listed in Paragraph R.1. of this Part.

4. The permittee shall submit notice of an unanticipated bypass as required in Paragraph S of this Part.

5. The permittee may allow any bypass to occur which does not cause effluent limitations to be exceeded if that bypass is for essential maintenance to assure efficient operation. The permittee shall monitor the effluent quality during these episodes at any frequency necessary to accurately and fully characterize the event. These bypasses are not subject to the provisions of Paragraphs R.1. and R.2.

S. Noncompliance Notification.

All notifications under this paragraph shall be made to the Ohio EPA central and district office, and also to the municipal MS4 operator if the discharge flows to an MS4 prior to reaching receiving waters.

1. Exceedance of a Daily maximum Discharge Limit

a. The permittee shall report noncompliance that is the result of any violation of a daily maximum discharge limit for any of the pollutants listed in this permit by e-mail within 24 hours of discovery.

The permittee shall report to the appropriate Ohio EPA district office and central office e-mail account as follows:

Southeast District Office: sedo24hournpdes@epa.ohio.gov
Southwest District Office: swdo24hournpdes@epa.ohio.gov
Northwest District Office: nwdo24hournpdes@epa.ohio.gov
Northeast District Office: nedo24hournpdes@epa.ohio.gov
Central District Office: cdo24hournpdes@epa.ohio.gov
Central Office: co24hournpdes@epa.ohio.gov

The permittee shall attach a noncompliance report to the e-mail. A noncompliance report form is available on the following web site:

https://epa.ohio.gov/static/Portals/35/permits/24-hour_reporting_Form4499_limits.doc

2. Other Permit Noncompliance

The permittee shall report noncompliance that is the result of any of the following:

- a. Any noncompliance which may endanger health or the environment;
- b. Any unanticipated bypass which exceeds any effluent limitation in the permit;
- c. Any upset which exceeds any effluent limitation in the permit; or
- d. Any violation of a maximum daily discharge limitation for any of the pollutants listed in this permit.

For violations described under items 2.b, 2.c, and 2.d of this section, the permittee shall report noncompliance to the appropriate Ohio EPA district office by e-mail within 24 hours of discovery. The contact information is listed in Paragraph S.1 of this Part.

For violations described under item 2.a of this section, the permittee shall report noncompliance within 30 minutes of discovery by calling the 24-Hour Emergency Hotline toll-free at (800) 282 - 9378.

The permittee shall include the following information in the telephone noncompliance report:

- The name of the permittee, and a contact name and telephone number;
- The limit(s) that has been exceeded;
- The extent of the exceedance(s);
- The cause of the exceedance(s);
- The period of the exceedance(s) including exact dates and times;
- If uncorrected, the anticipated time the exceedance(s) is expected to continue; and
- Steps taken to reduce, eliminate or prevent occurrence of the exceedance(s).

3. When the telephone is used for the non-compliance reports required by Paragraph S.2 above, the permittee shall submit to the appropriate Ohio EPA district office a confirmation letter and a completed compliance report within five days of the discovery of the noncompliance. This follow up report is not necessary for the e-mail option which already includes a completed non-compliance report.

4. The permittee shall report all instances of noncompliance not reported under Paragraphs S.1. or S.2. of this Part in the monthly DMR submission. The DMR shall contain the information listed in paragraphs S.1. or S.2. as appropriate.

T. Duty to Mitigate. The permittee shall take all reasonable steps to minimize or prevent any discharge in violation of this permit that has a reasonable likelihood of adversely affecting human health or the environment.

U. Discharge Changes. The following changes must be reported to the appropriate Ohio EPA district office as soon as practicable.

1. For all treatment works, any significant change in character of the discharge that the permittee knows or has reason to believe has occurred or will occur that would constitute cause for revocation. The permittee shall give at least 30 days of advance notice to the Director of any planned changes in the permitted facility or activity which may result in noncompliance with permit requirements. Notification of permit changes or anticipated noncompliance does not stay any permit condition.

2. For non-publicly owned treatment works, any proposed facility expansions, production increases, or process modifications, which will result in new, different, or increased discharges of pollutants.

Following this notice, a determination will be made as to whether the permit should remain unchanged or be revoked. A determination will also be made as to whether a National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) review will be required. Sections 6111.44 and 6111.45, Ohio Revised Code, require that plans for treatment works or improvements to such works be approved by the Director of the Ohio EPA prior to initiation of construction.

3. In addition to the reporting requirements under 40 CFR 122.41(1) and per 40 CFR 122.42(a), all existing manufacturing, commercial, mining, and silvicultural dischargers must notify the Director as soon as they know or have reason to believe:

- a. That any activity has occurred or will occur which would result in the discharge on a routine or frequent basis of any toxic pollutant that exceeds the highest of the "notification levels" specified in 40 CFR Sections 122.42(a)(1)(i) through 122.42(a)(1)(iv). This includes any toxic pollutant which is not limited in the permit.
- b. That any activity has occurred or will occur which would result in any discharge, on a non-routine or infrequent basis, of any toxic pollutant that is not limited in the permit, if that discharge will exceed the highest of the "notification levels" specified in 122.42(a)(2)(i) through 122.42(a)(2)(iv).

V. Toxic Pollutants. The permittee shall comply with effluent standards or prohibitions established under Section 307 (a) of the Clean Water Act for toxic pollutants within the time provided in the regulations that establish these standards or prohibitions, even if the permit has not yet been modified to incorporate the requirement. Following establishment of such standards or prohibitions, the Director shall modify this permit and so notify the permittee.

W. Permit Coverage Revocation.

1. After notice and opportunity for a hearing, permit coverage may be revoked for cause including, but not limited to, the following:
 - a. violation of any terms or conditions of this permit;
 - b. obtaining coverage under this permit by misrepresentation or failure to disclose fully all relevant facts;
 - c. change in any condition that requires either a temporary or permanent reduction or elimination of the permitted discharge; or
 - d. obtaining coverage under an individual or alternative general permit is required (see Part V.F.).
2. The filing of a request by the permittee for permit coverage revocation does not stay any permit condition. See Part II.F. for requirements regarding NOT.

X. Oil and Hazardous Substance Liability. With the exception of full compliance with the effluent limitations found in this permit, nothing in this permit shall be construed to preclude the institution of any legal action or relieve the permittee from any responsibilities, liabilities, or penalties to which the permittee is or may be subject under Section 311 of the Act.

Y. Solids Disposal. Collected screenings, slurries, sludges, and other solids shall be disposed of in such a manner as to prevent entry of those wastes into waters of the state. For publicly owned treatment works, these shall be disposed of in accordance with the approved Ohio EPA Sludge Management Plan.

Z. Construction Affecting Navigable Waters. This permit does not authorize or approve the construction of any onshore or offshore physical structures or facilities or the undertaking of any work in any navigable waters.

AA. Civil and Criminal Liability. Except as exempted in the permit conditions on UNAUTHORIZED DISCHARGES or UPSETS (Part V.O. or V.I.), nothing in this permit shall be construed to relieve the permittee from civil or criminal penalties for noncompliance.

AB. State Laws and Regulations. Nothing in this permit shall be construed to preclude the institution of any legal action nor relieve the permittee from any responsibilities, liabilities, or penalties established pursuant to any applicable state law or regulation under authority preserved by Section 510 of the Act.

AC. Property Rights. The issuance of this permit does not convey any property rights in either real or personal property, or any exclusive privileges, nor does it authorize any injury to private property or any invasion of personal rights, nor any infringement of federal, state, or local laws or regulations.

AD. Severability. The provisions of this permit are severable, and if any provision of this permit, or the application of any provision of this permit to any circumstance, is held invalid, the application of such provision to other circumstances, and the remainder of this permit, shall not be affected thereby.

AE. Applicable Federal Rules. All references to 40 CFR in this permit mean the version of 40 CFR which is effective as of the effective date of this permit.

AF. Penalties for Violations of Permit Conditions.

1. Where the permittee becomes aware that it failed to submit any relevant facts in a permit application or submitted incorrect information in a permit application or in any report to the Director, it shall promptly submit such facts or information.
2. ORC 6111.99 provides that any person who purposely falsifies, tampers with, or knowingly renders inaccurate any monitoring device or method required to be maintained under this permit shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine of not more than \$25,000 per violation or imprisoned not more than four years, or both.
3. ORC 6111.99 states that any person who knowingly makes any false statement, representation, or certification in any record or other document submitted or required to be maintained under this permit including monitoring reports or reports of compliance or noncompliance shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine of not more than \$10,000 per violation or imprisoned not more than one year, or both.
4. ORC 6111.99 provides that any person who purposely violates Sections 6111.04, 6111.042, 6111.05, or division (A) or (C) of Section 6111.07 of the Revised Code shall be fined not more than \$25,000 or imprisoned not more than four years, or both.

AG. Permit-to-Install Required

A Permit-to-Install (PTI) is required by OAC 3745-31-02 in order to install or modify treatment/disposal systems, including systems to treat petroleum-contaminated wastewater. The approval of coverage under this permit shall in no way be construed as approval of detail plans or a PTI. The approval of a PTI does not preclude a facility from obtaining an NPDES permit. Discharges to surface waters require an effective NPDES permit, including those discharges from systems for which a PTI was obtained.

Part VI - DEFINITIONS

"Act" means the Clean Water Act (formerly referred to as the Federal Water Pollution Control Act or Federal Water Pollution Control Act Amendments of 1972) Pub.L. 92-500, as amended Pub. L. 95-217, Pub. L. 95-576, Pub. L. 96-483, Pub. L. 97-117, and Pub. L. 100-4 33 U.S.C. 1251 et.seq.

"Bypass" means the intentional diversion of waste streams from any portion of the treatment facility.

"Daily concentration limitation" means the arithmetic average (weighted by flow) of all the determinations of concentration made during the day. If only one sample is taken during the day, its concentration is the daily concentration.

"Detection Level" or "DL" means the minimum concentration of an analyte (substance) that can be measured and reported with a 99% confidence that the analyte is greater than zero as determined by the procedures set forth in 40 CFR 136, Appendix B.

"Director" means the director of Ohio EPA or an authorized representative.

"Grab sample" means an individual sample of at least 100 milliliters collected at a randomly-selected time over a period not exceeding 15 minutes. Grab samples shall be collected at such times and locations, and in such fashion, as to be representative of the facility's performance.

"Municipal separate storm water system" means a conveyance or system of conveyances (including roads with drainage systems, municipal streets, catch basins, curbs, gutter, ditches, man-made channels or storm drains) that is:

(i) owned or operated by the federal government, state, municipality, township, county, district or other public body (created by or pursuant to state or federal law) including special districts under state law such as a sewer district, flood control district or drainage districts, or similar entity, or a designated and approved management agency under section 208 of the Act that discharges into surface waters of the state;

(ii) designated or used for collecting or conveying solely storm water;

(iii) not a combined sewer; and

(iv) not part of a publicly owned treatment works.

"MGD" means million gallons per day.

"mg/kg" means milligrams per kilogram dry weight.

"mg/L" means milligrams per liter.

"ug/L" means micrograms per liter.

"National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES)" means the national program for issuing, modifying, revoking, monitoring and enforcing permits, and enforcing pretreatment requirements, under sections 307, 402, 318, and 405 of the CWA. The term includes an "approved program".

"NOI" means notice of intent to be covered by this permit (see Part II of this permit).

"NOT" means notice of termination (see Part II.F. of this permit).

"Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons" or "PAHs" are a class of chemicals that occur naturally in coal, crude oil, and gasoline.

"Petroleum Contact Water" means storm water runoff or other water that contacts petroleum products and becomes contaminated.

"Petroleum-Contaminated Discharge" includes, but is not limited to, the discharge of one or more of the following:

- petroleum contact water;
- secondary containment water;
- ground and/or surface water from remediation systems;
- surface and/or ground water accumulating as a result of excavation activity;
- surfacewater and ground water contaminated by spills; or
- ground water resulting from pumping and/or monitoring aquifer(s).

"Point Source" means any discernible, confined, and discrete conveyance, including but not limited to, any pipe, ditch, channel, tunnel, conduit, well, discrete fissure, container, rolling stock, concentrated animal feeding operation, landfill leachate collection system, vessel or other floating craft from which pollutants are or may be discharged. This term does not include return flows from irrigated agriculture or agricultural storm water runoff.

"Process Wastewater" is water that comes into direct contact with or results from the production or use of any raw material, intermediate product, finished product, waste product, or wastewater.

"Quantification Level" or "QL" is a quantitation limit that represents a practical and routinely achievable quantitation limit with a higher degree of certainty (>99.9% confidence) in the results.

"Receiving waters" means the waters of the state into which point and non-point sources flow.

"Regional administrator" means the administrator of the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region V.

"Reporting Code" is a five digit number used by the Ohio EPA in processing reported data. The reporting code does not imply the type of analysis used nor the sampling techniques employed.

"Secondary Containment Water" is water that collects in the secondary containment structures, which surround petroleum storage tanks to capture spills.

"Severe property damage" means substantial physical damage to property, damage to the treatment facilities that would cause them to become inoperable, or substantial and permanent loss of natural resources that can reasonably be expected to occur in the absence of a bypass. Severe property damage does not mean economic loss caused by delays in production.

"Tributary" means a stream flowing into a larger body of water.

"Upset" means an exceptional incident in which there is unintentional and temporary noncompliance with technology based permit effluent limitations because of factors beyond the reasonable control of the permittee. An upset does not include noncompliance to the extent caused by operational error, improperly designed treatment facilities, inadequate treatment facilities, lack of preventive maintenance, or careless or improper operation.

"Waters of the State" means all streams, lakes, reservoirs, ponds, marshes, wetlands, watercourses, waterways, springs, irrigation systems, drainage systems, and all other bodies or accumulations of surface water, natural or artificial, that are situated wholly or partly within, or border upon this state, or are within its jurisdiction, except those private waters that do not combine or effect a junction with natural surface waters.

"30-day concentration limitation" means the arithmetic average (weighted by flow) of all the determinations of daily concentration made during the 30-day period. If only one sample is taken during the 30-day period, its concentration is the 30-day concentration for that 30-day period.