# **State Employment Relations Board**



# 2022 Wage Settlement Report

For Labor Contracts with a start date between January 1, 2022 - December 31, 2022



#### INTRODUCTION

The State Employment Relations Board (SERB) is pleased to present the 2022 Wage Settlement Report. This report looks at the overall wage increase percentage and other monetary incentives negotiated in public-sector labor contracts (collective bargaining agreements) effective in 2022.

#### **REVISION NOTES**

There were minimal changes to the format and layout of this year's report compared to the previous year.

#### **REPORT BACKGROUND & METHODS**

In its 32nd year, this report aims to inform stakeholders of the latest trends in negotiated wage increases in labor contracts for public sector entities. The goal is to provide statistics that may be useful for both the employer and employee organizations and promote orderly and constructive labor relationships between public employers and their employees. This report includes data extracted from negotiated labor contracts from the following public sector jurisdictions:

Government			Schools	C	olleges/Universities		Special Districts		
•	State	•	School Districts (City, Local, Exempted Village)	•	Community Colleges	•	Fire Districts		
•	Counties	•	Joint Vocational Schools & Career Centers	•	State Colleges	•	Metro Housing Authorities		
•	Cities	•	Educational Service Centers (ESCs)	•	State Universities	•	Port Authorities		
•	Townships					•	Regional Transit Authorities		

#### REPORT SUMMARY

This year's report includes data extracted from 1,045 negotiated labor contracts with a start date between January 1, 2022, and December 31, 2022.

- There were 951 out of 1,045 (91%) labor contracts with a wage increase percentage during the contract duration. The statewide average increase was 3.00% in year 1 (2022), 2.72% in year 2 (2023), and 2.66% in year 3 (2024). (Table 1)
- The statewide average wage increase percentage for the duration of the contracts was 2.79%. This is an average of all wage increase percentages during each contract term, including years 1, 2, and 3, if available. The statewide average wage increase is .46% more than what was reported in last year's report (Table 2).
- There were 216 out of 1,045 (20.7%) labor contracts with one or more lump sums that took effect during the duration of the contract. The statewide average lump sum was \$1,205 in year 1 (2022), \$1,052 in year 2 (2023), and \$1,039 in year 3 (2024). (Table 3). A lump sum is a one-time dollar amount that is not added to the base wage scale.
- There were 97 out of 1,045 (9.3%) labor contracts that included a "cents per hour" increase that went into effect during the contracts' duration. A further breakdown of these stats is not included elsewhere in this report due to the low quantity reported.

<b>Negotiated Cents per Hour Increases</b>											
Year	Min	Max	Average	Count							
Year 1 (2022)	\$0.25	\$2.87	\$1.00	91							
Year 2 (2023)	\$0.12	\$2.00	\$0.89	59							
Year 3 (2024)	\$0.25	\$2.00	\$0.67	54							

#### AVERAGE NEGOTIATED WAGE INCREASE PERCENTAGE

Table 1 displays the average across-the-board wage increase percentage negotiated in labor contracts that went into effect in the calendar year 2022. The wage increases were grouped by effective date and filtered by each comparison group below. Instances with no wage increase or monetary incentive issued during a calendar year were recorded as a zero percent wage increase.

Table 1

Average Negotiated Wage Increase Percentage (%)										
	By Cale	r Year								
	2022		2023		2024					
Comparison Group	Average	#	Average	#	Average	#				
Statewide	3.00%	824	2.72%	900	2.66%	821				
Region										
(1) Akron/Canton	3.21%	134	2.70%	150	2.66%	144				
(2) Cincinnati	3.06%	85	2.84%	96	2.68%	89				
(3) Cleveland	2.66%	181	2.57%	190	2.51%	170				
(4) Columbus	3.22%	122	2.85%	135	2.90%	119				
(5) Dayton	3.11%	98	2.89%	111	2.75%	102				
(6) Southeast Ohio	3.28%	40	2.50%	41	2.32%	39				
(7) Toledo	3.10%	99	2.79%	107	2.70%	96				
(8) Warren/Youngstown	2.58%	65	2.55%	70	2.56%	62				
Jurisdiction										
City	3.08%	278	2.91%	302	2.77%	288				
County	3.33%	115	2.86%	139	2.70%	130				
Township	3.50%	53	2.92%	67	2.82%	63				
School District	2.67%	332	2.44%	339	2.45%	290				
Other	3.55%	46	2.92%	53	2.90%	50				
Unit Type										
Police (Safety/Security)	3.21%	214	3.06%	253	2.86%	239				
Fire	3.40%	74	2.88%	85	2.79%	81				
Teacher (BOE)	2.70%	220	2.48%	211	2.51%	178				
Non-Teaching (BOE)	2.62%	126	2.38%	141	2.38%	124				
Blue-Collar	3.14%	77	2.74%	88	2.66%	85				
Other	3.28%	113	2.73%	122	2.66%	114				

#: Number of Contracts.

Note: A description of each comparison group is on page 9.

Note: 951 out of 1,045 (91%) filed contracts contained a percent increase. Note: Contracts Statewide with 0% increase: 2022 = 15; 2023 = 14; 2024 = 5. The following four charts are visual representations of data found in Table 1.

Chart 1 compares the average wage increase percentage for all contracts that began in the calendar year 2022 by years 1, 2, and 3 of the contracts (if available). Please note that contract duration, wage reopeners, and other factors decrease the volume of available contracts when calculating the averages for years two and three of the contract.

Chart 1

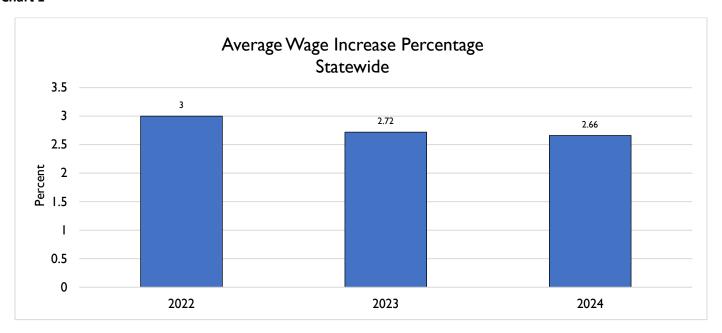


Chart 2 is a visual representation of the region section of the data found in Table 1. Each region consists of several geographically proximate counties. A list of the counties included in each region is on page 9.

Chart 2

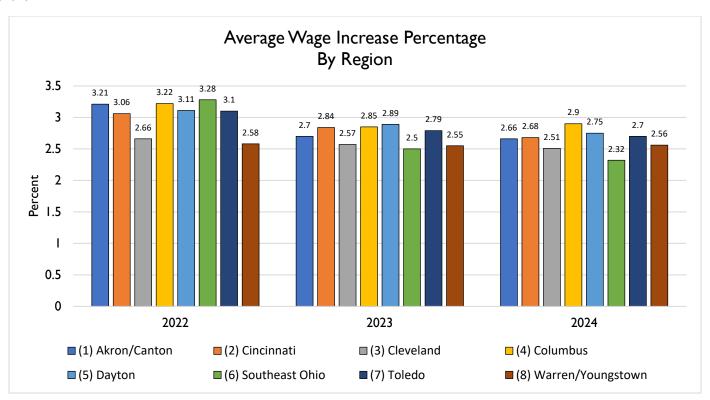


Chart 3 is a visual representation of the jurisdiction section of the data found in Table 1. A detailed list of the employer types included in each group is on page 9.

Chart 3

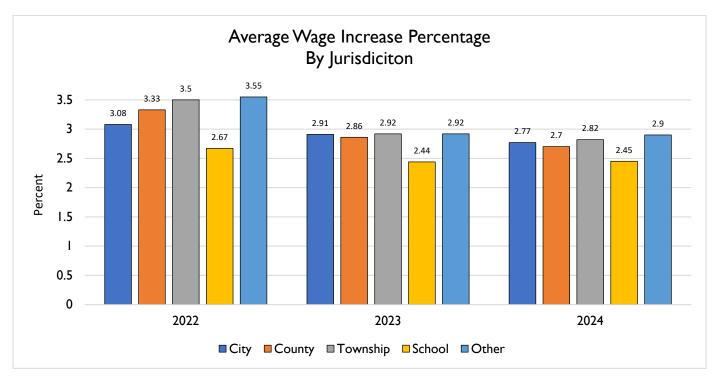
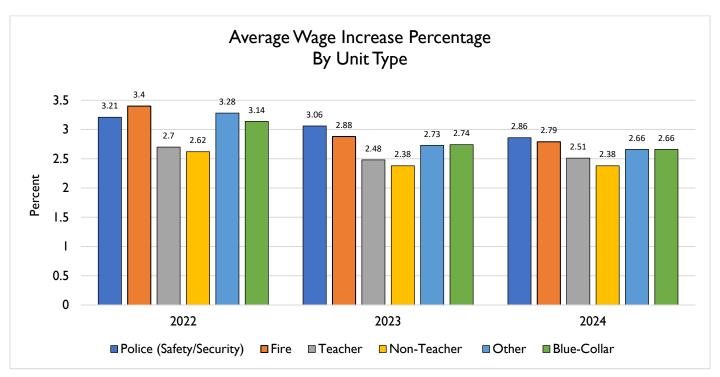


Chart 4 is a visual representation of the unit type section of the data found in Table 1. A detailed list of the bargaining unit types included in each group is on page 9.

Chart 4



### **AVERAGE WAGE INCREASE 10-YEAR TREND**

Table 2 displays the average wage increase percentage negotiated in labor agreements for the past ten years. This percentage includes all the percent wage increases that went into effect during the contract duration, including years one, two, and three (if available). If a wage reopener, lump sum, or hourly increase is mentioned in the agreement, those are excluded from this table.

Table 2

Average Negotiated Wage Increase Percentage (%)												
Over The Entire Duration of The Contract												
Comparison Group	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022		
Statewide	1.47%	1.77%	2.02%	2.18%	2.20%	2.31%	2.31%	2.26%	2.33%	2.79%		
Region												
(1) Akron/Canton	1.46%	1.76%	1.89%	2.00%	2.31%	2.24%	2.26%	2.28%	2.25%	2.85%		
(2) Cincinnati	1.12%	1.68%	2.05%	2.41%	2.37%	2.63%	2.42%	2.47%	2.41%	2.86%		
(3) Cleveland	1.49%	1.49%	1.99%	2.04%	2.15%	2.04%	2.07%	2.11%	2.15%	2.59%		
(4) Columbus	1.64%	1.88%	2.19%	2.30%	2.19%	2.63%	2.60%	2.49%	2.65%	2.97%		
(5) Dayton	1.41%	1.97%	2.24%	2.20%	2.33%	2.29%	2.55%	2.38%	2.33%	2.92%		
(6) Southeast Ohio	1.90%	1.95%	2.07%	2.49%	2.03%	2.39%	2.18%	2.36%	2.61%	2.70%		
(7) Toledo	1.39%	1.83%	1.87%	2.30%	2.32%	2.29%	2.25%	2.14%	2.27%	2.87%		
(8) Warren/Youngstown	1.55%	1.70%	1.82%	1.61%	1.66%	2.15%	2.16%	1.91%	1.95%	2.56%		
Jurisdiction												
City	1.61%	1.92%	2.06%	2.22%	2.16%	2.30%	2.44%	2.47%	2.35%	2.92%		
County	1.81%	1.98%	2.12%	2.23%	2.26%	2.33%	2.43%	2.19%	2.37%	2.95%		
Township	1.50%	1.88%	1.94%	2.24%	2.22%	2.65%	2.34%	2.56%	2.63%	3.05%		
School District	1.17%	1.52%	1.93%	2.09%	2.20%	2.21%	2.17%	1.88%	2.23%	2.52%		
Other							2.11%	2.43%	2.54%	3.10%		
Unit Type												
Police (Safety/Security)	1.66%	2.03%	2.22%	2.36%	2.20%	2.50%	2.51%	2.44%	2.51%	3.04%		
Fire	1.66%	1.86%	1.93%	2.34%	2.23%	2.32%	2.41%	2.62%	2.51%	3.01%		
Teacher (BOE)	1.23%	1.56%	1.93%	2.04%	2.23%	2.30%	2.17%	1.83%	2.24%	2.57%		
Non-Teaching (BOE)							2.16%	1.99%	2.21%	2.46%		
Blue-Collar							2.26%	2.28%	2.29%	2.84%		
Other	1.45%	1.69%	1.94%	2.03%	2.18%	2.17%	2.26%	2.26%	2.25%	2.89%		
Contracts Reported	693	706	712	496	626	643	811	746	954	943		

Note: The Jurisdiction "Other" category was added in 2019; therefore, previous reports omitted this information.

Note: The Unit Type "Non-Teaching" and "Blue-Collar" categories were added in 2019. This data was included in the "Other"

category in previous reports.

The following four charts are visual representations of data found in Table 2.

Chart 5 displays the historical trend of the statewide average wage increase percentages in Table 2 over the last ten years. These averages include years 1, 2, and 3 of each contract (if available).

Chart 5

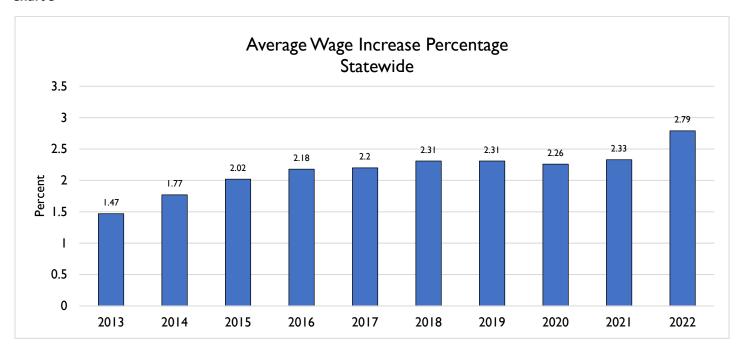


Chart 6 is a visual representation of the region section of the data found in Table 2. Each region consists of several nearby counties. A list of the counties included in each region is on page 9.

Chart 6

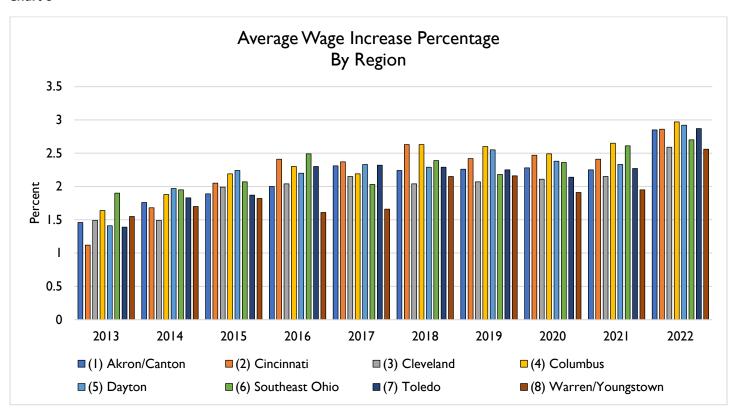


Chart 7 is a visual representation of the jurisdiction section of the data found in Table 2. A detailed list of the employer types included in each group is on page 9.

Chart 7

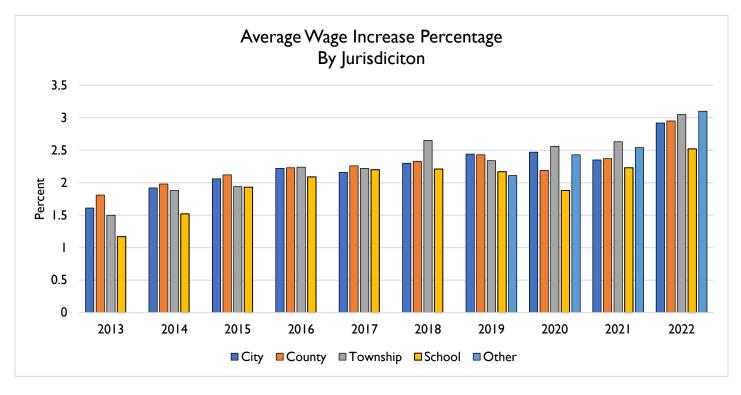
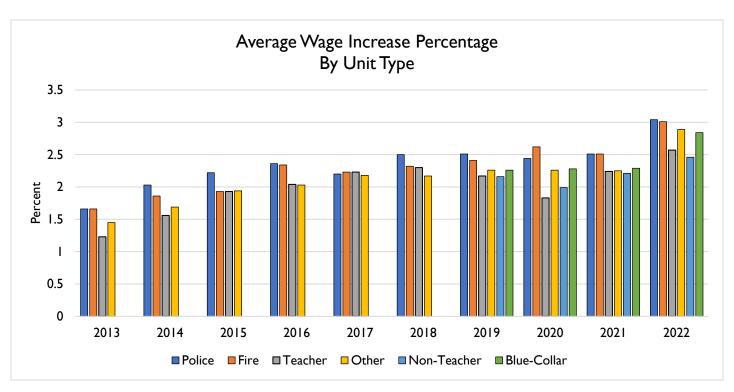


Chart 8 is a visual representation of the unit type section of the data found in Table 2. A detailed list of the bargaining unit types included in each group is on page 9.

**Chart 8** 



#### **LUMP SUM WAGE INCREASES**

Table 3 displays the average lump sum negotiated in labor contracts that went into effect in 2022. A lump sum is a one-time dollar amount that is not added to the wage scale. In many cases, this is a signing bonus.

Table 3

Average One-Time Lump Sum (\$) By Contract Year												
		2023	3	2024								
Comparison Group	Min	Max	Average	#	Min	Max	Average	#	Min	Max	Average	#
Statewide	\$200	\$6,750	\$1,205	208	\$100	\$6,750	\$1,052	73	\$200	\$6,750	\$1,039	42
Jurisdiction												
City	\$250	\$3,500	\$1,259	54	\$500	\$2,500	\$1,080	21	\$500	\$2,000	\$1,019	12
County	\$200	\$5,000	\$1,103	36	\$1,000	\$1,500	\$1,139	9	\$1,000	\$1,000	\$1,000	2
Township	\$250	\$2,250	\$1,064	11	\$100	\$1,000	\$625	4	\$400	\$2,000	\$1,467	3
School District	\$200	\$6,750	\$1,245	96	\$200	\$6,750	\$1,078	36	\$200	\$6,750	\$1,028	23
Other	\$200	\$2,500	\$1,059	11	\$350	\$1,200	\$850	3	\$350	\$1,000	\$675	2
Unit Type												
Police (Safety)	\$250	\$3,500	\$1,254	47	\$100	\$2,500	\$1,089	19	\$500	\$2,000	\$1,250	10
Fire	\$250	\$3,500	\$1,453	9	\$600	\$1,750	\$1,116	5	\$730	\$1,000	\$910	3
Teacher (BOE)	\$200	\$6,750	\$1,564	46	\$250	\$6,750	\$1,639	16	\$500	\$6,750	\$1,703	9
Non-Teacher (BOE)	\$200	\$4,500	\$937	53	\$200	\$1,750	\$629	20	\$200	\$1,500	\$595	14
Blue-Collar	\$250	\$2,500	\$1,106	16	\$400	\$1,200	\$900	4	\$400	\$1,000	\$700	2
Other	\$200	\$5,000	\$1,060	37	\$350	\$1,500	\$900	9	\$350	\$1,000	\$838	4

#: Number of Contracts

Note: 216 out of 1,045 (20.7%) total labor contracts filed in 2022 contained at least one lump sum.

Note: 192 out of 216 contracts (88.9%) with a lump sum contained both a lump sum and a percent or monetary increase.

#### **WAGE REOPENERS**

There were 48 contracts containing at least one wage reopener. There were 15 wage reopeners in year 2 and 47 in year 3. A wage reopener is an agreement between the employer and the union during contract negotiations stating that the parties agree to continue negotiations on wages in the future.

#### **SERB REGIONS**

Each region consists of several nearby counties. The county groupings, initially developed by SERB's Bureau of Mediation to develop fact finder and conciliation panels, are as follows:

- 1 Akron/Canton: Ashland, Carroll, Coshocton, Harrison, Holmes, Medina, Portage, Stark, Summit, Tuscarawas, and Wayne.
- **2 Cincinnati:** Adams, Brown, Butler, Clermont, Clinton, Hamilton, Highland, and Warren.
- 3 Cleveland: Ashtabula, Cuyahoga, Erie, Geauga, Huron, Lake, and Lorain.
- **4 Columbus:** Crawford, Delaware, Fairfield, Fayette, Franklin, Knox, Licking, Madison, Marion, Morrow, Pickaway, Pike, Richland, Ross, Scioto, Union, and Wyandot.
- 5 Dayton: Auglaize, Champaign, Clark, Darke, Greene, Logan, Mercer, Miami, Montgomery, Preble, and Shelby.
- **6 Southeast Ohio:** Athens, Belmont, Gallia, Guernsey, Hocking, Jackson, Lawrence, Meigs, Monroe, Morgan, Muskingum, Noble, Perry, Vinton, and Washington.
- **7 Toledo:** Allen, Defiance, Fulton, Hancock, Hardin, Henry, Lucas, Ottawa, Paulding, Putnam, Sandusky, Seneca, Van Wert, Williams, and Wood.
- 8 Warren/Youngstown: Columbiana, Jefferson, Mahoning, and Trumbull.

#### **JURISDICTION**

Employers are grouped according to the political subdivision.

**City** – This includes municipalities in Ohio with 5,000 or more in population.

**County –** This includes all county-level employers. Examples include County Commissioners,

Job and Family Services, Auditor, Recorder, Treasurer, Sheriff, Corrections, Mental Health, and Board of DD.

**Township** – This includes townships in Ohio with 5,000 or more in population.

**School District** – This includes City, Local, and Exempted School Districts, Joint Vocational/Career and Technical Schools, and County Educational Service Centers.

**Other** – This includes all other jurisdictions. Examples include State of Ohio departments and agencies, libraries, regional transit authorities, port authorities, metro housing authorities, fire districts, park districts, water and sewer districts, and colleges/universities.

#### **UNIT TYPE**

Below is a list of bargaining units included in each category.

**Police (Safety/Security)** – This includes bargaining units containing uniformed police officers, sergeants, lieutenants, captains across all jurisdictions, county sheriff deputies, corrections officers, security guards, and park rangers. It also includes safety dispatchers and E911 dispatchers.

Fire – This includes all fire suppression or fire prevention (firefighter) bargaining units.

**Teacher (BOE)** – This unit type includes teaching and teaching mixed (teaching and non-teaching) bargaining units in public school districts, educational service centers, and joint vocational schools.

**Non-Teaching (BOE)** – This unit type includes non-teaching bargaining units in public school districts, educational service centers, and joint vocational schools.

**Blue-Collar** – This unit type includes bargaining units comprised of individuals who perform skilled or unskilled manual labor. These employees do not typically work in an office environment.

**Other** – This unit type includes all other bargaining units not listed above. Examples include white-collar workers who work primarily in an office environment, nurses, and healthcare workers.

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#### Questions?

(614) 644-8573 Research@SERB.ohio.gov

