Mike DeWine, Governor LeeAnne Cornyn, Director



Department of Mental Health & Addiction Services

GOVERNOR'S WORKING GROUP ON COMPETENCY

RESTORATION AND JAIL DIVERSION

Welcome
Director LeeAnne Cornyn
April 17th, 2024

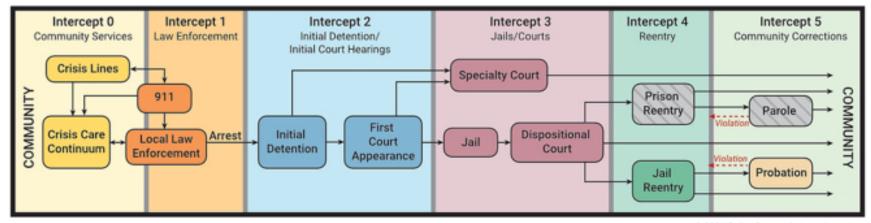


First Session Points

- State Hospitals
 - Can provide 24/7 team care in structured setting and enforce court-ordered meds
 - But beds are limited and expensive, and fall under hospital regulations
 - Good fit person with behaviors due to serious mental illness needing team care
 - Less good person with risky behaviors (eg escape) not due to serious mental illness
- Competency Restoration: ↑ referrals and ↑ length of stay blocks beds
 - Competency: low bar ability to understand facts and communicate decision
 - Mental illness does not equal lack of capacity (or responsibility)
 - Most common treatment: medication
- Who should receive treatment in state hospitals?
- What are other opportunities for treatment?

Intercepting Severe Mental Illness*

(*4% general population; 15-20% of jail/prison population)



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Bureau Of Criminal Justice Services

OhioMHAS works closely with the criminal justice system to ensure people get the treatment that is most appropriate for them.

Our goal is to improve mental health and addiction services for individuals involved in the criminal justice system.



The Ohio Criminal Justice Coordinating Center of Excellence (CJCCoE)

Promotion of Crisis Intervention Team (CIT) trainings

16,731 sworn personnel trained in CIT and an additional **8,428** professionals trained across Ohio's 88 counties.

81% (769) Ohio law enforcement agencies participate in CIT training.

Sequential Intercept Mapping

1.5-day workshop to examine 1) how an individual moves through the local justice system; 2) diversion opportunities; 3) recovery supports & resources; 4) gaps in service.



Specialized Docket Subsidy Program

SFY23 Highlights

\$10 million annual budget supported 221 specialized dockets in 64 counties

- 103 Drug Courts
- 40 Mental Health Courts
- 32 Family Drug Courts
- 24 Veteran Courts
- 22 Human Trafficking, OVI, Reentry and Domestic Violence Courts
- 7,472 individuals served



Addiction Treatment Program

Annual Budget: \$5 million

Funds are allocated to ADAMH Boards and their designated providers to provide treatment and recovery supports to individuals who are participating in a certified Drug and/or Family Dependency Courts

153 specialized dockets and 65 counties participated

5,194 clients participated in SFY23



Mental Health Court Program

Annual Budget: \$200,000

Funds are allocated to ADAMH Boards to provide treatment and recovery supports to individuals who are participating in Mental Health Court

30 mental health dockets and 22 counties participated

924 clients participated in SFY23



Behavioral Health and Criminal Justice Linkage Programs

- This program encourages communities to build collaborative relationships between the **behavioral health** and **criminal justice systems** so individuals with mental illness and/or alcohol and other drug addiction receive the care they need.
- The goal is to reduce recidivism, increase public safety, minimizes harm to those who encounter law enforcement and link individuals to appropriate treatment services.
- During the SFY 24-25 biennium, OhioMHAS is investing \$3.8 million in GRF each fiscal year to fund 34 criminal justice and behavioral health linkage programs in 57 counties.
- Approximately 15,000 individuals were served in SFY23.







Behavioral Health Drug Reimbursement Program

Provides reimbursement to counties for the cost of Psychotropic and Opioid/Alcohol treatment medications dispensed to inmates of county jails and Community Based Correctional Facilities

\$5 million has been allotted for each state fiscal year in the biennium (SFY 2024 and SFY2025)

Outcomes for First Half of SFY24

68 Jails and 17 CBCFs applied for funding	The Department received \$2,700,057 in requests	\$1,818,275 requested for psychotropic meds and \$881,782	Applicants received 93% of their total request	67% Psychotropic Medications
(85 total)		requested for Opioid/Alcohol meds		33% Opioid/Alcohol Medications

Access to Wellness

To develop a strategic approach, individualized by community, to strengthen systems collaboration and support long-term wellness for adults with frequent psychiatric hospitalizations who are touching multiple human services and/or criminal justice systems.



ACCESS TO WELLNESS BACKGROUND

- Introduced by Governor DeWine in his SFY 2022 budget
- The program received \$12 million in funding for the SFY24-25 biennium
- Allocations made to county ADAMHS boards
- Systems collaboration required
- Program funds recovery supports for eligible individuals to decrease institutionalization and improve their community tenure

FY 2022-2024 Summary – individuals served

45 county ADAMHS boards participating

3,045 individuals served

The majority of individuals served were involved with three systems:

- Criminal Justice, Homeless, Jail Incarceration
- Consistent over the two fiscal years

After receiving help from an Access to Wellness program (total for all years):

- 80% did not experience an inpatient psychiatric hospitalization
- 90% did not experience incarceration
- 65% did not experience a crisis stabilization unit stay
- Began measuring CSU stays in FY2023

FY 2023 – 2024 summary – system involvement

System involvement of individuals served between FY23 – FY24

- Aging (over 65) = 135
- Criminal Justice = 1,001
- Developmental Disabilities = 250
- Homeless = 1,595
- Veterans = 44
- Outpatient Competency Restoration = 64
- Current Jail Incarceration = 467

^{*}Eligible individuals may be involved with multiple systems

^{*}Began tracking system involvement in FY23 reporting

The Community Transition Program (CTP)

CTP provides linkage to mental health, drug and alcohol counseling, improved access to housing resources, vocational services, peer support and other recovery services for incarcerated adults with histories of substance abuse disorders and/or severe mental health disorders who are re-entering the community from Ohio Prisons.

Community Linkage staff engage eligible individuals prior to release and provide information about the CTP and offer the individual the opportunity to participate. If the individual opts into CTP, a completed assessment is provided to a community-based provider.

The goal is to enhance care coordination between institutions, treatment providers, parole, and managed care to ensure the most efficient and supportive reentry experience for returning citizens.

SFY23 CTP Summary



Recovery supports

- Recovery supports are a type of assistance intended to help an individual with mental health needs to initiate and sustain recovery
- Providers and ADAMHS boards identify recovery supports on an individual basis based on clinical judgment and client need
- This list of recovery supports is **NOT** comprehensive and is not intended to be restrictive on the use of recovery supports, but rather provide guidance
- Creativity is encouraged!

RECOVERY SUPPORT EXAMPLES

Rent/Security
Deposits, Hotel Stays,
Utilities, Furniture,
Damages, Landlord
Incentives

Bus passes, gas cards

Assessments, specialized services, case management, co-pays, activities

Short-term Childcare

Medication alerts, medications/ monitoring, specialized services Fees to obtain ID, birth certificate/ SS cards

Materials needed for work, job training, GED, certifications, licensures

Parenting classes, life skills

Support Groups

Food, Clothing, Cleaning, Hygiene, Pre-paid phone and minutes Provider program staff for Access to Wellness

Peer Support

Recovery Supports

Most funding was utilized for these top three recovery supports:

Housing (Independent living, Supportive housing, Transitional housing, Recovery Housing)

• Emergency Basic Need Items (Clothing, food, hygiene products, pre-paid phone and minutes)

• Transportation (Gas cards, bus passes, ride sharing)

MORE INFORMATION

MHA.OHIO.GOV

Join the OhioMHAS listserv for all the latest updates.







THE OHIO PROJECT

ACKNOWLEDGING A PUBLIC HEALTH CRISIS

WHAT IS THE PROBLEM?

It is pervasive. It is persistent. It is in every Ohio county jail. It is in counties all across the nation. "It" is a fact of our criminal justice system and it is a public health crisis: More people with mental illnesses are sitting, untreated, in local jails than ever before.

Without the widescale involvement of county leaders, Ohioans with mental illnesses (including those with cooccurring substance use disorders) will continue to cycle in and out of our criminal justice system.

REDUCING JAIL INCARCERATION

Stepping Up is a national effort to break the cycle of jail being the de facto mental health hospital. Its goal is to affect positive change through strong community and statewide partnerships, so that people with mental illnesses and co-occurring substance use disorders get connected with the help they need.

CAUSE AND EFFECT

Across the nation and in Ohio, jails have become a revolving door for people with mental illnesses. There are a lot of factors that have played into it, one of which is the long-ago closure of state-run institutions for those with severe mental illnesses. Discharged into the community, these patients put a strain on the already underfunded and ill-equipped community services.

OHIO QUICK FACTS

30%

of Ohio's inmates have mental illnesses

78

county jails (all of them) serve, in some capacity, as inpatient psych facilities

\$41.7+ MILLION

spent on mental health care and medications for Ohio's inmates with mental illness

NATIONAL NUMBERS

2 MILLION

people with serious mental illnesses are admitted to jails each year

75%

have co-occurring substance use disorders

2X-3X

more taxpayer money is spent on incarcerated adults with mental illnesses who require intervention

A DIFFERENCE?

WANT TO MAKE \ OHIO IS ADDING TO THE INITIATIVE WITH STEPPING UP OHIO



STEPPING UP & TAKING ACTION

TAKING ACTION

WHAT IS THE SOLUTION?



people with serious mental illnesses are admitted to U.S. jails each year

And almost three-quarters of incarcerated adults with serious mental illnesses have co-occurring substance use disorders. Jails have become de facto inpatient psychiatric facilities across the nation.

Ohio is no exception, either, with 30 percent or more of our incarcerated population having mental illnesses. Incarceration takes its toll on everyone: individuals, families, and even taxpayers. It's more expensive to jail persons with mental illnesses than it is to provide community mental health services. It's also in the interest of personal and public safety to help those who need mental health services get the treatment they need.

Stepping Up Ohio is an adjunct of the national Stepping Up Initiative launched in 2015 by the Council of State Governments (CSG) Justice Center, the National Association of Counties, and the American Psychiatric Association Foundation, with support from the U.S. Justice Department's Bureau of Justice Assistance.

THE MISSION

The mission of both the national and Ohio's Stepping Up Initiative is to help criminal offenders with mental illnesses get connected to clinical treatment and other services so they can get well, make positive life changes, and stay out of jail.

Directed by Ohio Supreme Court Justice Evelyn Lundberg Stratton (ret.), along with other state and county leaders, Stepping Up Ohio is supported by the CSG Justice Center and is generously funded by Peg's Foundation.

"Under Governor Mike DeWine's leadership, Ohio is committed to building the behavioral health system that was promised but not yet realized.

We strive to make quality, cost-effective mental health and substance use disorder prevention, treatment, and recovery services more visible, accessible, and effective for all, illuminating a pathway for more Ohioans to live up to their full, God-given potential."

LeeAnne Cornyn, Director
 Ohio Department of Mental Health and Addiction Services

THE OHIO PROJECT

We're already making strides in reducing the number of people with mental illnesses in our jails, thanks to the many Ohio counties that have committed to the Stepping Up Ohio initiative. Reform is coming and it will look something like this:

- Validated screening and assessment tools
- Diversion programs instead of jail time for those with mental illnesses charged with low-level crimes
- Embedded mental health professionals to help ensure that people with mental illnesses are connected to community-based services
- Specialized courts that meet the unique needs of defendants with mental illnesses
- Training and response programs to improve law enforcement's response to the needs of people with mental illnesses
- Technical assistance and resources for housing needs
- 988 and crisis continuum responses from mobile response teams to full crisis centers





4 WAYS OHIO CAN HELP COUNTIES 'STEP UP'

1

Join the growing list of supporters.

Become a Stepping Up Ohio registered county by passing a resolution in support of the initiative.

www.stepuptogether.org/take-action

2

Request a visit from the Stepping Up Ohio team.

Our team will meet with you virtually, bringing resources, policies, and best practices to share. We'll also help you set and prioritize your next steps.

To schedule a visit, email kathleen@mightycrow.com.

3

Get access to resources to help with your county plan.

As a Stepping Up Ohio participant, you also get access to a variety of technical resources, such as learning opportunities, peer exchanges, and a newsletter containing important grant and training information and conferences of interest.

For details, email kathy.yokum@mha.ohio.gov.

4

Map your county's resources and needs.

See Infographic 17 (Sequential Intercept Mapping) to participate in this valuable two-day program offered free only to Stepping Up Ohio counties.

READY TO STEP UP OHIO?





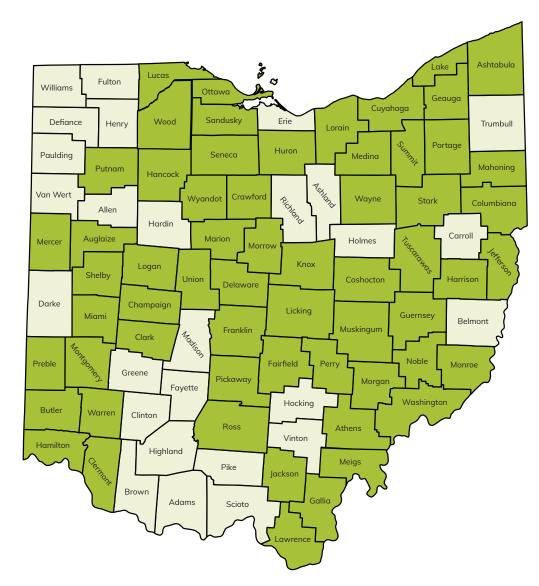
OHIO REGISTERED COUNTIES

TAKING ACTION TOGETHER

WHAT ARE REGISTERED COUNTIES?

Counties across the Buckeye state are demonstrating their commitment to reducing the number of people in jail with mental illnesses and co-occurring substance use disorders. With the passing of a local resolution, these Ohio counties are now registered counties of the Stepping Up Ohio Initiative, making them eligible for free resources to help them create a county plan.

- Stepping Up Toolkit (Planning Guides, Webinars, Publications)
- Stepping Up Team Visits
- Readiness Assessment
- Training & Technical Assistance
- Learning Opportunities
- Peer Exchanges
- Newsletter
- Annual Conference



■ Stepping Up Registered County

FREE HELP & RESOURCES FOR YOUR COUNTY PLAN:





Core Working Team

Evelyn Lundberg Stratton, JD	Project Director, Stepping Up Ohio
Thom Craig, MPA	Director, Mental Health Program, Peg's Foundation
David Frederick, MSAH	Assistant Director of Policy and Implementation, Peg's Foundation, Clear Pathways Initiative
Lois Hochstetler, MSW, LISW-S	Assistant Director of Community Treatment Services, Ohio Department of Mental Health and Addiction Services
Kathy Yokum, OCPC, LPCC-S	Criminal Justice Administrator, Ohio Department of Mental Health and Addiction Services
Carol Baden	Community Health Advisor, Office of Governor DeWine's RecoveryOhio Initiative
Lisa Shoaf, PhD	Statistical Analysis Center Director, Office of Criminal Justice Services
Luke A. Russell	Executive Director, National Alliance on Mental Illness Ohio
Emily "Em" Ribnik, Ph.D, LPCC-S	Director, Criminal Justice Coordinating Center of Excellence, Department of Psychiatry, Northeast Ohio Medical University
Betsy Johnson Kathleen Gallant	AOT Policy Advisor, Treatment Advocacy Center Stepping Up Administrative Assistant; Project Director, Mighty Crow

Elected Officials and their Representatives

Sharon L. Kennedy, JD	Chief Justice, The Supreme Court of Ohio
Dave Yost, JD	Ohio Attorney General
Michael Sheline	Section Chief, Crime Victims Office of Ohio Attorney General
Kari B. Hertel, JD	Business Counsel, Office of Ohio Attorney General
Tammy Puff	Director of Military and Veteran Relations, Office of Governor Mike
	DeWine
Theresa Gavarone, JD	Senate, District 2
Phil Plummer	House, District 40

State and Government Partners

Aimee Shadwick	Director, RecoveryOhio
LeeAnne Cornyn, JD	Director, Ohio Department of Mental Health and Addiction Services
· -	Chief, Criminal Justice Bureau, Ohio Department of Mental Health
•	and Addiction Services

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State and Government Partners, cont.

Annette Chambers-Smith	Director, Ohio Department of Rehabilitation and Correction
	Chief, Bureau of Adult Detention, Ohio Jail Advisory Board, Ohio
	Department of Rehabilitation and Correction
Maureen Corcoran	Director, Ohio Department of Medicaid
Kara Miller	Chief, Care Management and Quality Improvement Section, Ohio
	Department of Medicaid
Andrew Wilson, JD	Director, Ohio Department of Public Safety
Lisa Shoaf, PhD	Statistical Analysis Center Director, Office of Criminal Justice Services
Amy L. Ast, MSM	Director, Ohio Department of Youth Services
Ginine Trim, MBA	Assistant Director, Ohio Department of Youth Services
Bruce Vanderhoff, MD, MBA	Director of Health, Ohio Department of Health
Angi Lee, BPLT, EBC	Chief, Office of Grant and Resources Development, Ohio Department
	of Health
Jessica Spears Voltolini	Chief of Staff, Ohio Department of Education and Workforce
Ursel J. McElroy	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Debbie Ashenhurst	Director, Ohio Department of Veterans Services
Daniel Eakins	Administrator, Office of Veterans & Policy Programs, Ohio Department
	of Veterans Services
Elizabeth Miller, JD	Director, Office of the Ohio Public Defender
Shawn Smith	Executive Director, Ohio Housing Finance Agency
Melissa Knopp, JD	Director, Ohio Criminal Sentencing Commission
Paul Pfeifer, JD	Executive Director, Ohio Judicial Conference; Ohio Supreme Court
	Justice, Retired

Association Partners

Cheryl Subler......Executive Director, County Commissioners Association of Ohio

Criminal Justice Partners

Robert Cornwell	Executive Director, Buckeye State Sheriffs' Association
Steven Levorchick	Sheriff, Ottawa County, Buckeye State Sheriff's Association
Chief Jeffrey Mitchell, MPA	Ohio Association of Chiefs of Police
Scott Fulton	President, Ohio Chief Probation Officers Association

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Criminal	Justice	Partners.	cont.
OTHINIM	Juotiou	I WI CIIOIO,	

Linda Janes	President, Ohio Justice Alliance for Community Corrections
Julie Keys, JD	Attorney, Disability Rights Ohio
Melanie R. Tobias-Hunter, JD	Deputy Chief of Staff - Criminal Division, Office of Columbus City
	Attorney Zach Klein; Ohio Municipal Attorneys
Domonique Paige, M.S.Ed, MA	Executive Director, Franklin County Community Based Correctional
	Facility; CorJus, Inc.
Denise Robinson	President and CEO, Alvis; Ohio Community Corrections Association
Lusanne Green, CAE	Executive Director, Ohio Community Corrections Association

Medical Partners

Andy White, MBA, MPA	Director, Health Economics and Policy, Ohio Hospital Association
Janet Shaw, MBA	Executive Director, Ohio Psychiatric Physicians Association
Megan Testa, MD	Forensic Psychiatrist, Ohio Psychiatric Physicians Association
Dustin McKee	Chief Executive Officer, Ohio Psychological Association
Thomas S. Lehner, MD, CMD	OMDA - The Ohio Society for Post-Acute and Long Term Care Medicine
Julie DiRossi-King	President and CEO, Ohio Association of Community Health Centers
Dana Vallangeon, MD, FASAM	Chief Medical Officer, Ohio Association of Community Health Centers

Behavioral Health Partners

Cheri Walter, MA, LICDC	CEO, Ohio Association of County Behavioral Health Authorities
Christina Shaynak-Diaz	Associate CEO, Ohio Association of County Behavioral Health
	Authorities
Teresa Lampl, LISW-S	CEO, The Ohio Council of Behavioral Health & Family Service Providers
Angela Weaver	Director of Regulatory Affairs, Ohio Association of Health Plans
Tonya Fulwider	Executive Director, Mental Health America of Ohio
Joan M. Englund, JD	Executive Director, Mental Health & Addiction Advocacy Coalition
Zachary DeCamp	State Program and Policy Director, Mental Health & Addiction
	Advocacy Coalition
Christina Kalnicki	Director Population Health, OhioRISE
Ashley Koontz	Justice Administrator, Care Advocate Team, OhioRISE
Leah Werner	Director, Corporation for Supportive Housing, Ohio
Matt Rosenblum	Business Organization Development, Better Health Partnership





Ohio and Foundation Partners

Rick Kellar, MBA	President, Peg's Foundation
Luke A. Russell	Executive Director, National Alliance on Mental Illness Ohio
Stacey Smith	Director of Operations, National Alliance on Mental Illness Ohio
Tony Coder	Executive Director, Ohio Suicide Prevention Foundation
Alisha Nelson	Executive Director, OneOhio Recovery Foundation
Angie Lloyd, JD	Executive Director, Ohio Access to Justice Foundation
Ruth H. Simera	Executive Director, Coordinating Centers of Excellence, Northeast
	Ohio Medical University
Emily Ribnik, M.Ed, LPCC-S	Director, Criminal Justice Coordinating Center of Excellence,
	Department of Psychiatry, Northeast Ohio Medical University
Mindy Smith, Ph.D.	Executive Director, University of Cincinnati Corrections Institute
Jennifer Scott	Associate Director, University of Cincinnati Corrections Institute
Tracy Plouck, MPAUniversity	Dean of the Voinovich School of Leadership & Public Service, Ohio

National Partners

Megan Quattlebaum, JD	Director, CSG Justice Center
Megan Davidson, Ph.D	Stepping Up Director, CSG Justice Center
Mark Stovell	Deputy Program Director, Behavioral Health, CSG Justice Center
Nastassia Walsh, MA	Program Manager, National Association of Counties
Christopher Seeley, MSW	Program Director, School and Justice Initiatives, American Psychiatric
	Association Foundation
Betsy Johnson	AOT Policy Advisor, Treatment Advocacy Center
John Snook, JD	Senior Vice President of National Policy Innovation, Meadows Mental
	Health Policy Institute



ATTORNEY GENERAL'S TASK FORCE ON CRIMINAL JUSTICE AND MENTAL ILLNESS

WORKING TO STOP THE REVOLVING DOOR

WHAT IS THE TASK FORCE?

People with mental illness go in and out of incarceration like a revolving door due, in part, to gaps in the community mental health system.

In 2011 the Attorney General of Ohio formed this task force to help stop the cycle and increase access to treatment.

Under the leadership of co-chairs,
Ohio Attorney General Dave Yost and
Ohio Supreme Court Justice Evelyn
Lundberg Stratton (ret.), the Task
Force continues its mission

to reduce the number of persons with mental illness trapped in the criminal justice system.

WORKING TO IMPROVE MENTAL HEALTH CARE

Anyone can join this 300+-member task force, which includes law enforcement, treatment providers, judges, concerned citizens, and others.

The Task Force meets in person four times a year. Subcommittees meet by phone to work on healthy, long-term solutions for those living with mental illness.

Committees

- Aging
- Best Practices & Mental Health Training for Jails
- Competency Restoration & Probate Court Issues
- Diversion & Re-Entry
- Education & Stigma
- Housing
- Juvenile Justice
- Law Enforcement
- Policy & Legislative
- Probation & Community Supervision
- Psychiatry & Treatment
- Research & Best Practices
- Resources & Care Connections
- Specialized Dockets
- Veterans Courts & Military Affairs

READY TO HELP STOP THE CYCLE OF INCARCERATION AND INCREASE ACCESS TO TREATMENT?

Join the task force:

Carolyn Bevins ■Carolyn.Bevins@ohioattorneygeneral.gov ■ 614-466-3552

Contact the Ohio Attorney General's Office:

Michael Sheline ■Donald.Sheline@ohioattorneygeneral.gov ■ 614-644-8392

Kari B. Hertel ■Kari.Hertel@ohioattorneygeneral.gov ■ 614-593-6820

OVERVIEW: SEQUENTIAL INTERCEPT MODEL & MAPPING

Criminal Justice Coordinating Center of Excellence





SEQUENTIAL INTERCEPT MAPPING

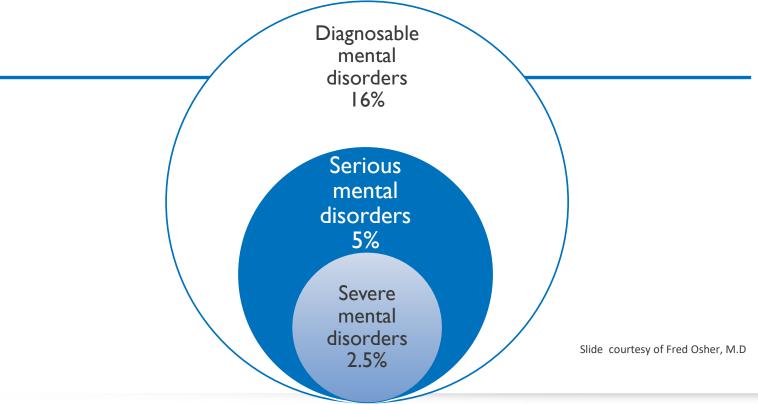
A tool for

- Planning and implementing services
- Identifying collaborative efforts
- Identifying resources and gaps
- Identifying sources of baseline data that can be tracked over time
- Analyzing local processes





NOT ALL MENTAL ILLNESSES ARE ALIKE: MENTAL ILLNESS IN THE GENERAL POPULATION





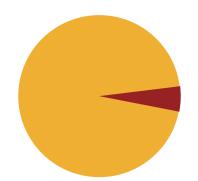


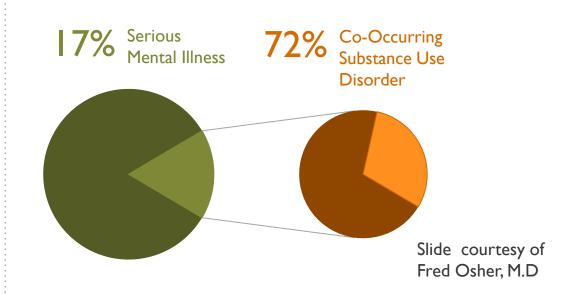
MENTAL ILLNESSES: OVERREPRESENTED IN JAILS AND PRISONS

General Population

Correctional Population

5% Serious Mental Illness



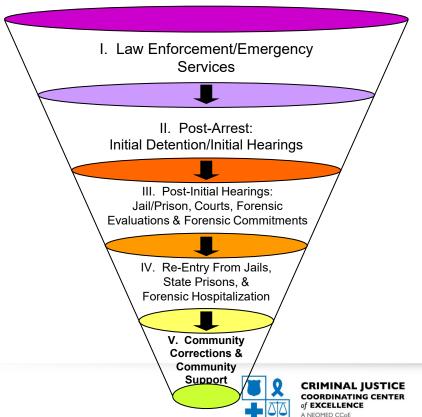






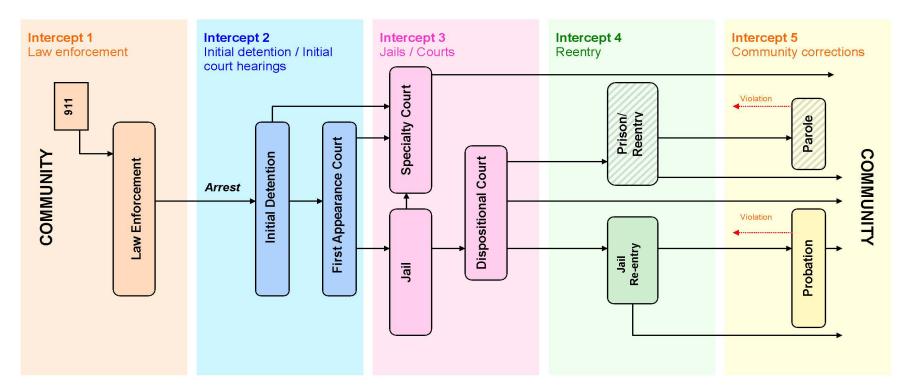
SEQUENTIAL INTERCEPTS

Best Clinical Practices: The Ultimate Intercept

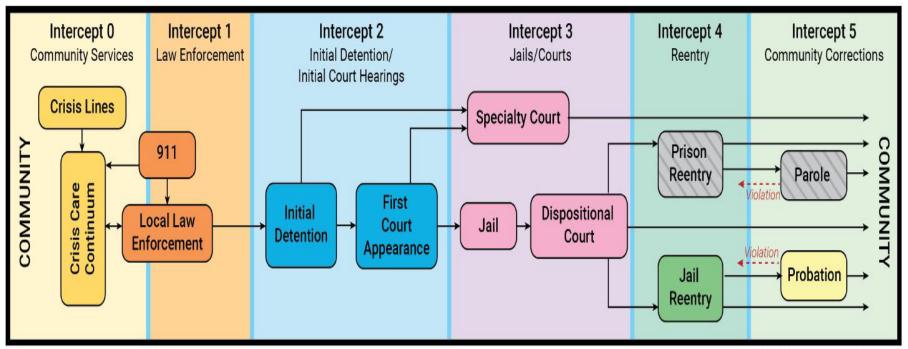




Sequential Intercepts for Change: Criminal Justice - Mental Health Partnerships



Intercept 0 – More Than Crisis Services



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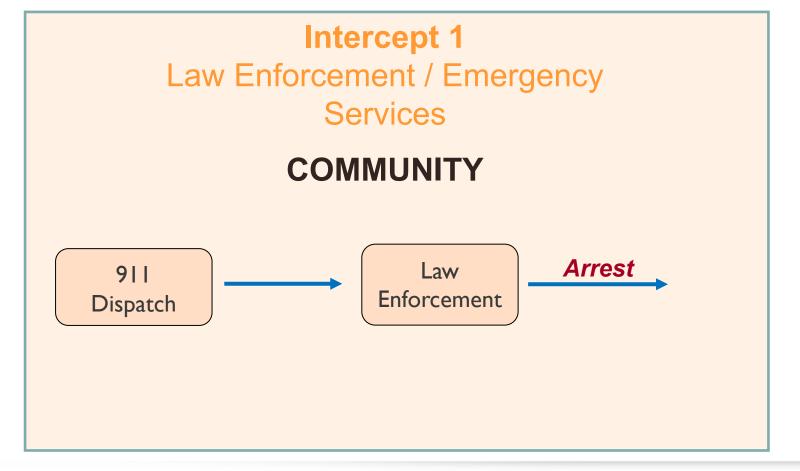


A CLOSER LOOK AT THE INTERCEPTS

- Where are the opportunities to intervene, deflect, divert individuals from the justice system to treatment or other supports?
- What is the earliest possible time that identification, screening, assessment is available or can / should occur and why?
- What is the outcome you are tying to promote or trying to avoid, and what resources exist to assist?
- What are the basic standards associated with the intercept and what resources exist to do more?











Intercept 2 **Initial Detention / Initial Court Hearing** First Arrest Initial Appearance Detention Court







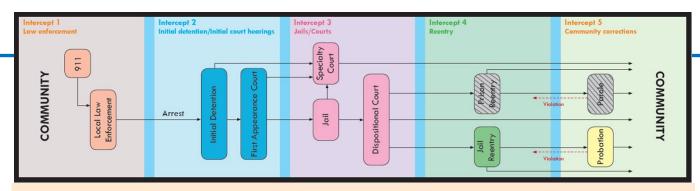
Specialty Courts

Other Court Programs

Jail-Based:

Mental Health & Substance Use Services

Use Data to Track Outcomes: Synergy With Stepping Up



Outcome measures needed to evaluate impact and prioritize scarce resources

1. Reduce

the number of people with mental illness booked into jail

2. Shorten

the length of stay for people with mental illnesses in jails

3.

Increase

the percentage of people with mental illnesses in jail connected to the right services and supports

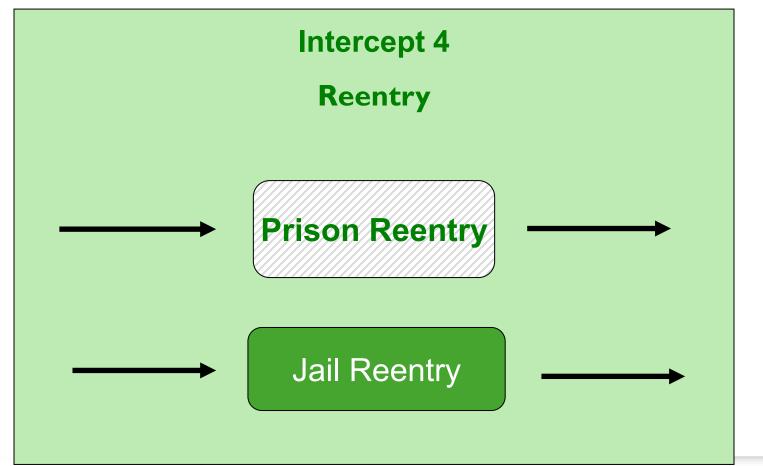
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Lower

rates of recidivism

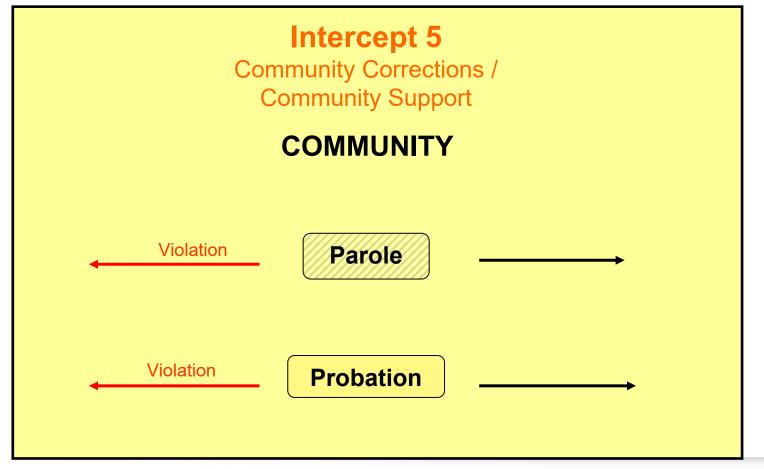
















The Big Four and Central Eight Risk Factors for Criminal Recidivism

Factor – In Rank Order	Dynamic Need Associated with the Risk Factor
1. History of antisocial behavior	Build noncriminal alternative behavior in risky situations
2. Antisocial personality pattern	Build problem-solving skills, self-management skills, anger management, and coping skills
3. Antisocial cognition	Reduce antisocial cognition, recognized risky thinking and feeling, build up alternative less risky thinking and feeling, adopt a reform and/or anti-criminal identity
4. Antisocial associates	Reduce association with criminal others, enhance association with anti-criminal others
5. Family and/or marital	Reduce conflict, build positive relationships, enhance monitoring and supervision
6. School and/or work	Enhance performance, rewards, and satisfactions
7. Leisure and/or recreation	Enhance involvement, rewards, and satisfactions
8. Substance abuse	Reduce substance abuse, reduce the personal and interpersonal supports for substance-oriented behavior, enhance alternatives to drug abuse





Missing Links

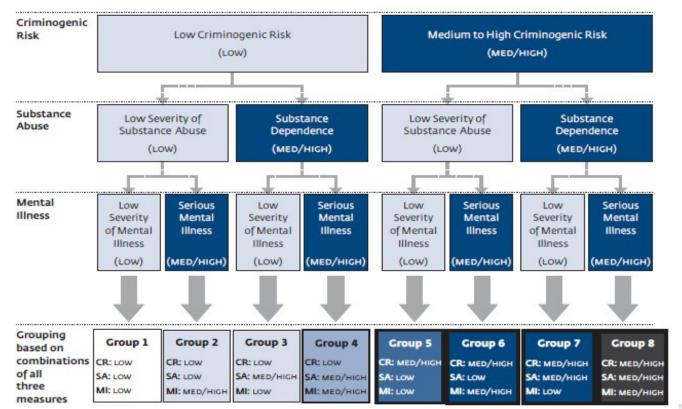


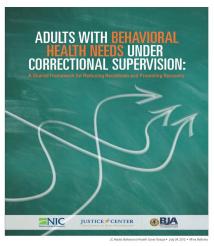
- Lack of access to evidence-based interventions (Osher & Steadman)
- Failure to incorporate risk factors for recidivism as points of clinical intervention (Skeem & Louden)
- Modifying evidence-based intervention protocols so that they incorporate services that target criminogenic issues (Morressey et al. Mueser et al.)
- Limited research on transition to adulthood age group. (Osgood, Foster & Courtney)





FIGURE 5. Criminogenic Risk and Behavioral Health Needs Framework*









QUESTIONS



